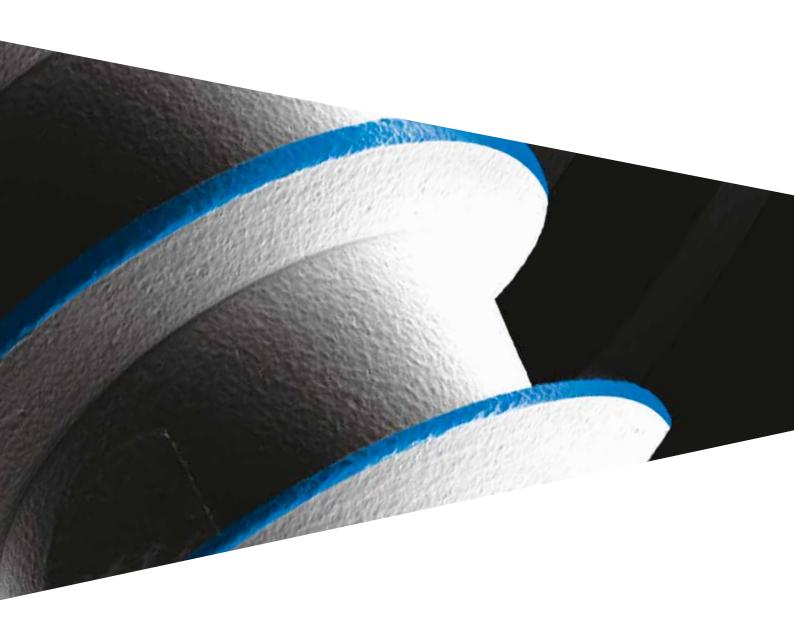
### Catalogue

## SHELTA





### Shelta



#### Implant system ZirTi surface Key to the implant codes



The range Shelta implants Shelta SL implants



### Surgical intruments

Surgical Kit
A complete surgical kit for Premium and Shelta systems
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Final conical drills and their stops
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Optional conical drill ø 2.50 mm
Additional instruments



#### Prosthetic components Implant platforms and prosthetic combinations The biologic advantage of one single connection Healing abutments Impression and model phase SIMPLE temporary posts Pre-made posts Standard preparable posts Preparable posts: excellent solutions Solutions of excellence: B.O.P.T. prostheses Prostheses on XA posts Castable posts with base in gold alloy, titanium, and cobalt chrome Fully castable posts 3.0 Dynamic Abutment posts Prostheses on intermediate abutments P.A.D. (Disparallel Screwed Prosthesis) P.A.D. prostheses for "D.P.F." Technique (Direct Prosthetic Framework) Conoweld posts Prostheses on PLAIN abutments Echo custom-made prosthesis T-Connect Locator abutment Accessories for overdenture on Locator Overdentures anchored with ball attachments Accessories for overdentures on ball attachments Overdenture on bars



General indications Composition of the materials Advice for overcasting with base alloys

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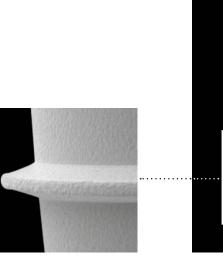
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### ZirTi surface

Shelta implants are available in ZirTi surface, characterized by **sand-blasting with zirconium** oxide and etching with mineral acids.



The collar presents a UTM (Ultrathin Threaded Microsurface) surface that allows the perfect quality control of the connection diameter in the production phase and prevents the accumulation of plaque in the area where it joins the post.



Sand-blasting with zirconium oxide and etching with mineral acids give surfaces a characteristic micromorphology capable of significantly increasing the bone-to-implant contact area and promote osseointegration.

### Key to the implant codes

The implant codes are so-called "mnemonic" codes, i.e. they allow easy identification of the piece. Below is a table showing how the mnemonic codes work using **SH-ZT-380SL-115** as an example:

type of implant	surface	diameter	spire	lenght
SH-	ZT-	380	SL-	115
<b>SH</b> : Shelta implant	<b>ZT</b> : ZirTi surface	380: 3.80 mm 425: 4.25 mm 500: 5.00 mm 600: 6.00 mm	SL: wide spire	085: 8.50 mm 100: 10.00 mm 115: 11.50 mm 130: 13.00 mm 150: 15.00 mm
		Is the size of the diameter of the implant connection	If no specifications are available, it refers to a standard spire (that is a spire that maintains its geometry along the body of the implant)	Refers to the length of the implant

All measurements are in mm, unless otherwise indicated.

#### Table of colour codes

A colour code system has been defined in the Shelta implant system for identifying the intraosseous diameter of the implant.

The final drills and the sequence on the surgical tray are also identified with the colour code.

implant diameter	3.80	4.25	5.00	6.00
colour code on pack				

### Shelta implants

Shelta implants are characterised by tapering the gradually decreases as the length of the implants increases. The angle remains unchanged between implants of different diameters, but of the same length.



implant ø	3.80	4.25	5.00	6.00
8.50	SH-ZT-380-085	SH-ZT-425-085	SH-ZT-500-085	SH-ZT-600-085
	ø 3.80 ø 2.25	ø 4.25 ø 2.65	ø 5.00 ø 3.40	ø 6.00 ø 4.12 8.50
10.00	SH-ZT-380-100	SH-ZT-425-100	SH-ZT-500-100	SH-ZT-600-100
	ø 3.80 ø 2.25	ø 4.25 ø 2.65	ø 5.00 ø 3.40	¢ 6.00 ¢ 3.90
11.50	SH-ZT-380-115	SH-ZT-425-115	SH-ZT-500-115	SH-ZT-600-115
	ø 3.80 ø 2.25	ø 4.25 ø 2.65	ø 5.00 ø 3.40	¢ 6.00 ¢ 3.90
13.00	SH-ZT-380-130	SH-ZT-425-130	SH-ZT-500-130	SH-ZT-600-130
	ø 3.80 ø 2.25	ø 4.25 ø 2.65	ø 5.00 ø 3.40	¢ 6.00 ¢ 3.80
15.00	SH-ZT-380-150	SH-ZT-425-150	SH-ZT-500-150	-
	Ø 3.80 Ø 2.25	ø 4.25 ø 2.65	ø 5.00 ø 3.40	
Surgical cover screw*	SH-VT-380-VE <sup>Ø 3.80</sup>	SH-VT-425-BL Ø 4.25	SH-VT-500-VI ø 5.00	SH-VT-600-GR ø 6.00

\*Each implant is sold with its own surgical cover screw with matching diameter. The surgical cover screws are also available on sale individually in a sterile pack and must be tightened to 10 Ncm.

If a Switching Platform protocol is adopted starting from the very beginning, surgical cover screws with smaller diameter can also be purchased separately.

See technical characteristics of Gr. 4 titanium on page 97.

### Shelta SL implants

The conical geometry of Shelta SL implants replicates that of Shelta implants with a standard spire with the same length and connection diameter.





\*Each implant is sold with its own surgical cover screw with matching diameter. The surgical cover screws are also available on sale individually in a sterile pack and must be tightened to 10 Ncm.

If a Switching Platform protocol is adopted starting from the very beginning, surgical cover screws with smaller diameter can also be purchased separately.

See technical characteristics of Gr. 4 titanium on page 97.

### Surgical kit

The Shelta surgical kit has been designed and made to offer ease of use and immediate placing in the sequence of instruments. The instruments, all made of stainless steel, have their descriptions screen-printed on the tray to allow the user to identify each instrument more easily and to put it back after the cleansing and cleaning phases, with the aid of a colour code system that traces the suitable surgical procedures for the various implant diameters.

The Shelta surgical kit is also supplied with the templates for the graphic representation of the implant measurements to allow choosing the most suitable implant diameters and lengths by means of radiographic or tomographic analyses.

The compact dimensions of the kit make it very practical in everyday use and in transport A practical ratchet is also included The kit consists of a practical box in that acts as a dynamometric key for Radel with a surgical tray inside that is set-up to hold the instruments checking the closing torque of the prosthetic screws and as a surgical key according to a guided procedure. The for inserting the implants. The ratchet sequences of use of the instruments has a very small head, making it easy to are indicated by coloured marks

use even in distal sectors

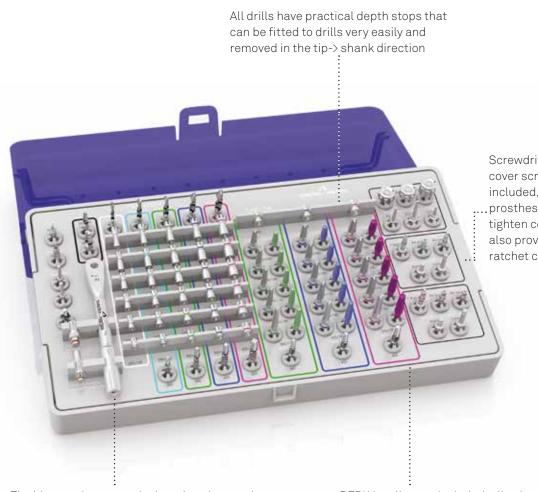
description	code
Complete surgical kit of the instruments necessary for Shelta and Shelta SL implants	ZSHELTA
Radel instrument tray for Shelta and Shelta SL instruments	SH-TRAY

## A complete surgical kit for Premium and Shelta systems

The combined Premium Shelta surgical kit contains the instruments for the surgical and prosthetic phases of the fixtures of both implant systems.

The instrument tray is made in autoclavable Radel plastic and offers simplicity and immediacy for the correct sequence of the instruments required, marked with a system of colour codes that follow the most suitable surgical procedures for the various implant diameters. Descriptions of these instruments are indicated on the tray, allowing users to easily identify all instruments and to replace them in the correct position after cleansing and sterilisation procedures.

The surgical kit also contains X-ray templates for Premium and Shelta implants, to allow the most suitable implant diameters, lengths and morphologies to be chosen using radiographic or tomographic analyses.



Screwdrivers for surgical cover screws are also included, together with .prosthesis screwdrivers to tighten connecting screws, also provided in a version with ratchet connector

The kit contains a practical ratchet that can be used as a fixed key when inserting implants or as a dynamometric key to control the torque applied when tightening connecting screws REPLY replies are included, allowing checks to be made on site preparation and on the parallelism of Shelta system implants

description	code
Surgical kit containing the instruments necessary for Premium and Shelta implants	ZPRESH
Radel instrument tray for Premium and Shelta instruments	PRESH-TRAY
Kit with 5 spare silicon supports for surgical trays, for drills or instruments with right angle shanks	GROMMET-CA-1
Kit with 5 spare silicon supports for surgical trays, for instruments fitted with connection hexagon	GROMMET-CA-2

### Screw kit

The Sweden & Martina Screw Kit is a handy set containing the necessary drivers for the prosthetic phases after removal of the Shelta healing abutments. It includes digital and right-angle drivers, as well as a dynamometric ratchet. Small and easy to carry, it allows simple and immediate management of the prosthetic rehabilitation phase after surgery.

The compact dimensions of this kit and the intuitive layout of the tray with the names of the instruments indicated in their place, allow the surgeon practical and easy management of the post-surgical rehabilitation phase, with notable optimisation of the time spent at the chair

The Screw Kit contains all the drivers for the various prosthetic solutions: for standard posts, for abutments, for P.A.D. prostheses, for Locator abutments, for ball attachments and the respective retainer caps

As well as digital and right-angle drivers, the Screw Kit includes a carrier for offset P.A.D. abutments, thus also favouring rapid full-arch prosthetic

rehabilitations

description	code
Screw kit complete with prosthetic instruments	ZSCREW
Radel instrument tray for Screw kit	SCREW-KIT
Kit with 5 spare silicon supports for surgical trays, for drills or instruments with right angle shanks	GROMMET-CA-1
Kit with 5 spare silicon supports for surgical trays, for instruments fitted with connection hexagon	GROMMET-CA-2

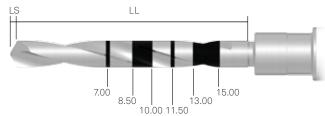
### Initial and intermediate drills

All Sweden & Martina drills are made of stainless steel with high resistance to corrosion and wear. The extreme accuracy of design and production allows use completely free from vibrations and oscillations.

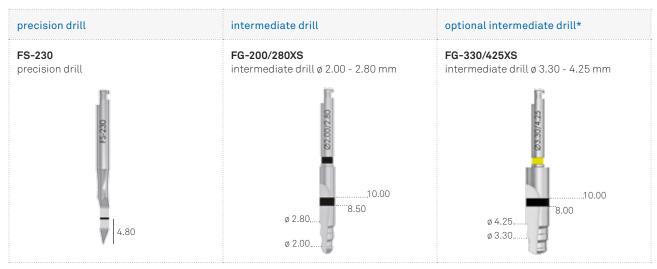


the tip. **LS**: Length of the tip. This measurement must be calculated in addition to the length of the preparation hole.

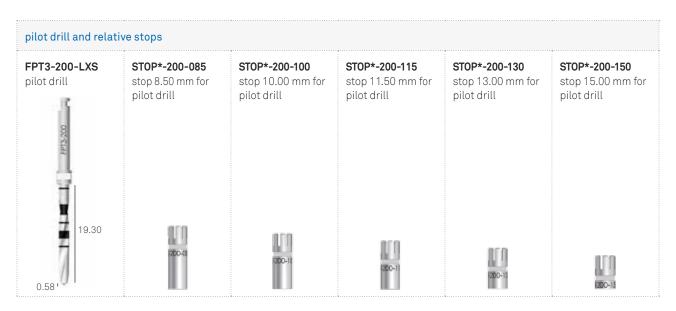
LL: Total length of the working part, including



**Please note**: the initial drills always make a hole that is longer than the implant to be inserted. The oversizing (LS) is equal to the height of the tip of the drill that is being used. See drawing above.



\*Not included in the surgical kit. Can be purchased separately.



\*The word STOP is followed by a number (3 or 4) indicating the revision of the accessory. Both versions are compatible with the dedicated drill.

### Final conical drills and their stops

Always made of stainless steel with high resistance to corrosion and wear, the final conical drills are characterised by four straight cutting edges.



LL: Total length of the working part, including the tip.LS: Length of the tip. This measurement must be calculated in addition to the length of the preparation hole.



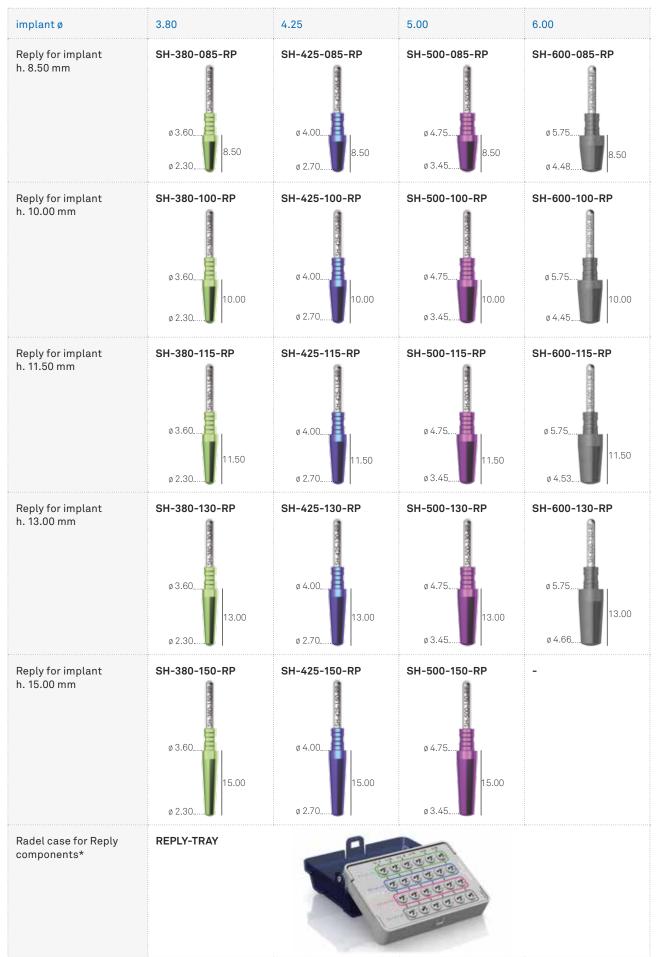
**Please Note**: the drills always make a hole that is longer than the implant to be inserted. The oversizing (LS) is equal to the height of the tip of the drill that is being used. See drawing above.

implantø	3.80	4.25	5.00	6.00
Final conical drill for implant h. 8.50 mm	SH-FK380-085	SH-FK425-085 # 4.00	SH-FK500-085 Ø 4.7599.25 0.75	SH-FK600-085 Ø 5.75 0.88
Final conical drill for implant h. 10.00 mm	SH-FK380-100	SH-FK425-100	SH-FK500-100	SH-FK600-100
Final conical drill for implant h. 11.50 mm	SH-FK380-115 Ø 3.60	SH-FK425-115 # 4.00 12.07	SH-FK500-115 Ø 4.75 0.79 I 12.29	SH-FK600-115 ø 5.75 0.88 i 12.45
Final conical drill for implant h. 13.00 mm	SH-FK380-130	SH-FK425-130 Ø 4.00 0.59   13.59	SH-FK500-130 Ø 4.75 0.80   13.80	SH-FK600-130 ø 5.75 0.88
Final conical drill for implant h. 15.00 mm	SH-FK380-150 ø 3.60 0.52	SH-FK425-150 Ø 4.00 0.64   15.64	SH-FK500-150	-
Stop for conical drill	SH-STOP-FK380	SH-STOP-FK425	SH-STOP-FK500	SH-STOP-FK600

### Reply: replies for Shelta implants

The REPLY replies are made of Gr. 5 titanium and reply the morphology of the final drills of therelated Shelta implants. They are useful to verify the depth of the preparation hole made with the final drills, and to verify the axis of the preparation made with the drill. Reply replies are included in the Shelta surgical kit, except for Ø 6.00 mm. A separate radel tray is available, it can be easily sterilized by autoclave. This tray allow to store REPLY components by height and diameter.



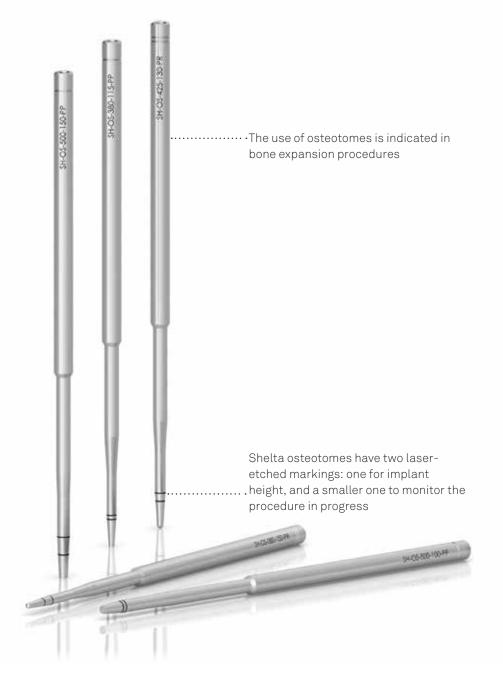


\*The separate radel tray is optional and it is not supplied with Shelta surgical kit which already contains the replies, except for ø 6.00 mm.

See technical characteristics of Gr. 5 titanium on page 98.

### Osteotomes

Osteotomes for expansion protocols, which are not included in the surgical kit, are available separately. The laser-etched codes on the handles indicate the osteotome diameter, to make it easier to recognize the correct surgical sequence. A practical universal instrument case is available to hold these osteotomes.



implant ø	3.80		4.25		5.00 - 6.00	
Osteotome for implants h. 8.50 and 10.00 mm	SH-OS-380-100-PP	SH-OS-380-100-PR	SH-OS-425-100-PP	SH-0S-425-100-PR	SH-OS-500-100-PP	SH-0S-500-100-PR
	ø 3.50 <u>1</u> 0.00 <u>10.00</u> <u>8.50</u>	ø 3.50 <b>9</b>	ø 3.8010.00	ø 3.80 <u>1</u> 0.00	ø 4.60 <u> </u>	ø 4.60 <b></b> 10.00 
	ø 2.00	ø 2.00	ø 2.30	ø 2.30	ø 3.10	ø 3.10 <b>U</b>
Osteotome for implants h. 11.50 mm	SH-OS-380-115-PP	SH-OS-380-115-PR	SH-OS-425-115-PP	SH-OS-425-115-PR	SH-OS-500-115-PP	SH-OS-500-115-PR
	ø 3.50	ø3.5011.50	ø 3.8011.50	ø 3.80 11.50 10.00	ø 4.6011.50	ø 4.60
	ø 2.00	ø 2.00	ø 2.30	ø 2.30	ø 3.10	ø 3.10
Osteotome for implants h. 13.00 mm	SH-OS-380-130-PP	SH-OS-380-130-PR	SH-OS-425-130-PP	SH-OS-425-130-PR	SH-OS-500-130-PP	SH-0S-500-130-PR
	ø3.50 <u>13.00</u>	ø3.50 <b>9</b> 13.00	ø3.80 <b>1</b> 3.00	ø3.80	ø 4.60	ø 4.60
	ø 2.00	ø 2.00 <b>V</b>	ø 2.30	ø 2.30 <b>U</b>	ø 3.10	ø 3.10 <b>U</b>
Osteotome for implants h. 15.00 mm	SH-OS-380-150-PP	SH-OS-380-150-PR	SH-0S-425-150-PP	SH-0S-425-150-PR	SH-OS-500-150-PP	SH-0S-500-150-PR
	ø3.50 <u>15.00</u>	ø 3.5015.00	ø3.80 <u>15</u> .00	ø3.8015.00	ø 4.60	ø 4.60
	ø 2.00	ø 2.00 <b>.</b>	ø 2.30	ø 2.30 <b>U</b>	ø 3.10	ø3.10 <b>U</b>
tip	flat	round	flat	round	flat	round

description

Universal case in Radel for osteotomes Can hold up to 12 instruments

code **OS-TRAY** 



### Bone taps and parallelism pins

Shelta implants are self-tapping implants with excellent cutting and insertion capabilities. However, the use of a bone tap is recommended in all cases where the type of bone requires it. The absence of tapping in cases where this is recommended may lead to problems later when inserting the implant. They are available both with right angle shank and with a connector for dynamometric ratchet. As an option, shorter drills are available that are very practical in distal sectors with limited oral opening. They are available in the two diameters of cylindrical drills present in the surgical kit (ø 2.00 and ø 2.80 mm).



#### Bone taps



#### Parallelism pin

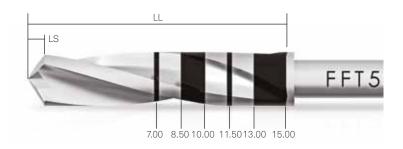
description	code	kit
Parallelism pin with one side ø 2.00 and the other ø 2.80 mm	<b>PP-2/28</b>	ZSHELTA
Parallelism pin with depth laser marking, small version	PPTS-2-28	Not included in the surgical kit, available separately
Parallelism pin with depth laser marking, large version	PPTL-2-28	Not included in the surgical kit, available separately

### Drills for distal sectors

As an option, shorter drills are available that are very practical in distal sectors with limited oral opening. They come in a wide range of diameters and are also useful for preparations in extremely compact bone where, in the most coronal portion, you want to widen the preparation diameter by 0.10 mm with respect to the size of the standard drills to facilitate the insertion of the implants. On the other hand, in low-density bone they can be used to under-prepare the implant site so as to obtain optimum primary stability.

**LL**: Total length of the working part, including the tip.

**LS**: Length of the tip. This measurement must be calculated in addition to the length of the preparation hole.



**Please note**: The drills always make a hole that is longer than the implant to be inserted. The oversizing (Ls) is equal to the height of the tip of the drill that is being used. See drawing above.



The drills for distal sectors are not included in any surgical kit. They cannot be used with depth stops.

### Bone profilers

The bone profilers are very useful for levelling a very irregular bone crest at the coronal level, especially in the subsequent use of P.A.D. abutments.



description	code	kit
Wide bone profiler for levelling irregular bone crest for P.A.D. abutment	A-PAD-PS380-L	Not included in the surgical kit, available separately
Narrow bone profiler for levelling irregular bone crest for P.A.D. abutment	A-PAD-PS380-S	Not included in the surgical kit, available separately

### Optional cylindrical drill ø 2.50 mm

An optional cylindrical drill made in surgical stainless steell with a diameter of ø 2.50 mm is available. It can be useful for underpreparation protocols. The related stops are available, meant to guarantee a safety preparation of implant insertion. The stops are available in single pack.

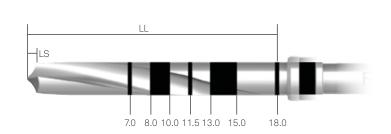


cylindrical drill ø 2.50 mm and related stops\*\* STOP\*-250-085 STOP\*-250-100 STOP\*-250-130 STOP\*-250-150 FFT3-250-LXS STOP\*-250-070 STOP\*-250-115 cylindrical drill stop 7.00 mm Stop 8.50 mm stop 10.00 mm stop 11.50 mm Stop 13.00 mm Stop 15.00 mm for cylindrical for cylindrical for cylindrical for cylindrical for cylindrical for cylindrical drill drill drill drill drill drill ø2.50. ł 19.50 0.7

Please Note: the drills always make a hole that is longer than the implant to be inserted. The oversizing (LS) is equal to the height of the tip of the drill that is being used. See drawing on the side.

LL: Total length of the working part, including the tip.

LS: Length of the tip. This measurement must be calculated in addition to the length of the preparation hole.



\*The word STOP is followed by a number (3 or 4) indicating the revision of the accessory. Both versions are compatible with the dedicated drill.

\*\*The cylindrical drill ø 2.50 mm and its stops are not contained in the surgical kit and must be purchased separately.

### Optional conical drill ø 2.50 mm

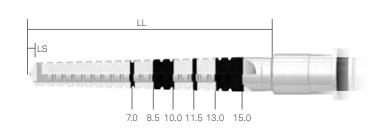
An optional conical drill made in surgical stainless steell with a diameter of Ø 2.50 mm is available. Its diameter is ideal to underprepare implant sites with a tapered morphology and a diameter of Ø 3.80 mm. The different depth levels of the drill insertion are indicated by laser markings at heights: 7.00, 8.50, 10.00, 11.50, 13.00 and 15.00 mm. The related stops are available, meant to guarantee a safety preparation of implant insertion. The stops are available in single pack.



**Please note:** the drills always make a hole that is longer than the implant to be inserted. The oversizing (LS) is equal to the height of the tip of the drill that is being used. See drawing on the side.

**LL:** Total length of the working part, including the tip.

**LS:** Length of the tip. This measurement must be calculated in addition to the length of the preparation hole.



\*The conical drill **SE-FK250** and its stops are not contained in the surgical kit and must be purchased separately.

### Additional instruments

All the additional instruments for inserting Shelta and Shelta SL implants, made of surgical stainless steel, have been designed to offer maximum ergonomics and ease of use. All the instruments have a laser-marked code for easy identification of the pieces. All the instruments are available individually as spare parts.



#### **Drivers**

description	code	kit
Short manual driver, with right angle shank, for implants	EASYC4-EX230-CA	ZSHELTA
	230	
Long driver with right angle shank	EASYL4-EX230-CA	ZSHELTA
	230	
Driver with connector for dynamometric key	EASY4-EX230-EX	ZSHELTA

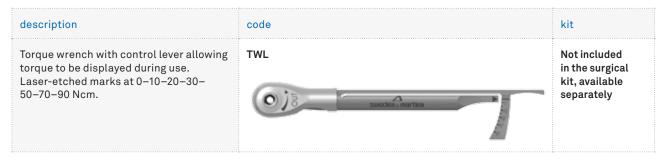
#### **Drivers**

description	code	kit
Short driver	BC-EX230	ZSHELTA
Long driver	BL-EX230	ZSHELTA

#### Rachet

description	code	kit
Kit composed of a ratchet, which can be used in dynamometric or fixed mode, and accessories for quick torque adjustment and periodic maintenance (Allen wrench and lubricant). The ratchet has torque limits from 10 to 70 Ncm, with adjustment lines at 10-20- 25- 30-35-50-70 Ncm.	CRI5-KIT	ZSHELTA ZSCREW

#### Torque wrench with control lever



#### Surgical screwdrivers

description	code	kit
Driver for tap screws and fixation screws, digital, extra-short	HSMXS-20-DG	ZSHELTA ZSCREW
Driver for tap screws and fixation screws, digital, short	HSM-20-DG	ZSHELTA ZSCREW
Driver for tap screws and fixation screws, digital, long	HSML-20-DG	ZSHELTA ZSCREW

#### **Prosthesic screwdrivers**

description	code	kit
Driver for connecting screws, with hexagonal connector for dynamometric key or hand knob, short	HSM-20-EX	ZSHELTA ZSCREW
Driver for connecting screws, with hexagonal connector for dynamometric key or hand knob, long	HSML-20-EX	ZSHELTA ZSCREW
Driver for connecting screws, with hexagonal connector for dynamometric key or hand knob, extra-long	HSMXL-20-EX	ZSHELTA
Driver for connecting screws, with right angle shank	HSM-20-CA	ZSHELTA ZSCREW

#### Other prosthesic screwdrivers

description	code	kit
Driver for ball attachments, with hexagonal connector for dynamometric key	BASCC-EX	ZSCREW
Driver for standard abutments and for straight P.A.D. abutments, with hexagonal connector for dynamometric key	AVV2-ABUT	ZSCREW
Driver for screwing abutment locators, with hexagonal connector for dynamometric key, short	8926-SW	ZSCREW
Driver for screwing abutment locators, with hexagonal connector for dynamometric key, long	8927-SW	ZSCREW
Instrument for inserting, fitting and maintaining the titanium cap for CAPTIT-1 ball attachments	AVV-CAP-TIT-1	ZSCREW
3.0 Dynamic Abutment screwdriver 24 mm lenght	DSPDCLH-24	Not included in the surgical kit, available separately
3.0 Dynamic Abutment screwdriver 32 mm lenght	DSPDCLH-32	Not included in the surgical kit, available separately

#### Important warning

All the screwdrivers, contained or not in the surgical kit, can be ordered and purchased separately using the codes reported in the tables.

#### Extensions and adapter

description	code	kit
Extension for drivers, screwdrivers and manual drivers, with hexagonal connector for ratchet	BPM-15	ZSHELTA ZSCREW
Extension for surgical drills	PROF-CAL3	ZSHELTA ZSCREW
Mechanical adapter with right angle shank for instruments with hexagonal connector	B-AVV-CA3	ZSCREW
Driver for right angle and manual instruments and instruments with hexagonal connection for ratchet	AVV-CA-DG-EX	ZSHELTA ZSCREW
P.A.D. transfer screw for manual screwing	PAD-VTRAL-140-MAN	Not included in the surgical kit, available separately
Carrier to transfer angled P.A.D. abutments into the oral cavity, sterilizable and reusable It must be fixed to abutments with screw PAD-VTRAL-140	PAD-CAR	ZSCREW

#### Depth gauge



#### Spare O-ring

description	code	kit
Kit with 5 spare O-rings for all accessories with hexagonal connector	ORING180-088	-
for dynamometric key	00000	

#### X-ray templates

description	code	kit
X-ray template for Shelta and Shelta SL implants, real dimensions		ZSHELTA
X-ray template for Shelta and Shelta SL implants, dimensions increased by 20%		ZSHELTA
X-ray template for Shelta and Shelta SL implants, dimensions increased by 30%		ZSHELTA

# Implant platforms and prosthetic combinations

The connection platforms of the various implant sizes are characterized by the presence of the same hexagon and external Collex collar, which allows the choice of the size of the abutment. According to the chosen prosthetic protocol, a Platform Switching can be made or a matching size post can be used.

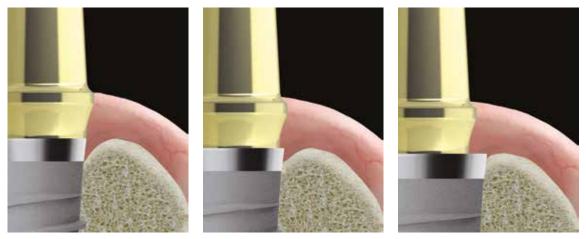
		Shelta, Shelta SL		Shelta
implant ø	3.80	4.25	5.00	6.00
Packaging colour code				
main dimensions				
ø connection platform	ø 3.80	ø 4.25	ø 5.00	ø 6.00
external ø of the collar internal ø of the collar	ø 3.20 ø 2.70	ø 3.20 ø 2.70	ø 3.20 ø 2.70	ø 3.20 ø 2.70
prosthetic compatibility				
with smaller size post	ø 3.30 ø 3.80	ø 3.80 ø 4.25	ø 3.80 ø 5.00	ø 3.80 ø 6.00
			ø 4.25 ø 5.00	ø 4.25 ø 6.00
				ø 5.00 ø 6.00
with matching size post	ø 3.80 ø 3.80	ø 4.25 ø 4.25	ø 5.00 ø 5.00	

#### Important warning

Prosthetic components with Ø 3.30 mm determine prosthetic Platform Switching with Ø 3.80 mm implants. These components should only be used for single crowns in frontal sectors (premolar excluded), and in distal sectors only to support multiple restorations. They must not be used with implants with Ø 4.25, 5.00 and 6.00 mm.

## The biologic advantage of one single connection

As demonstrated by literature, there is a relationship between the extension of Platform Switching (mismatching) and preservation of the marginal bone dimensions. In fact, the greater the mismatch, the greater the volumes of hard and soft tissues around the dental implant. The undeniable advantage of one single connection, which characterizes Shelta implants, is that it allows choosing the desired level of mismatching based on the aesthetic and functional needs of each individual case.



Peri-implant bone reabsorption of implants rehabilitated with the Platform Switching technique is inversely proportional to the extent of the mismatching adopted.

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### Healing abutments

the full details and codes of which can be found on page 34.

The healing abutments in Gr. 5 titanium are identified via a laser-marking that reports the diameter, emergence profile and height. In case of healing abutments with straight emergence profile, the marking only reports the platform diameter and height. The healing abutments must be tightened at a torque of 10 Ncm, using the HSM series of drivers,

Healing abutments with anatomical emergence profile: the laser marking, on the upper surface, shows the connection diameter (in the example 38 = 3.80 mm), the maximum crown size (in the example 46 = 4.60 mm) and the transgingival height (in the example 5 = 5.00 mm) 33/3 Guiding cylinder: facilitates centring Healing abutments with straight when inserting the implant emergence profile: the laser marking, on the side, allows immediate recognition of the connection diameter (in the example

33 = 3.30 mm) and of the transgingival height (in the example 2 = 2.00 mm)

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Healing abutment Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 2 mm	A-TMGR-330-2 ø 3.80 ø 3.30 M 1.8	A-TMGR-380-2 ø 4.60	AS-TMGR-425-2 ø 5.20 ø 4.25 M 1.8	AS-TMGR-500-2 Ø 6.00
Healing abutment Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 3 mm	A-TMGR-330-3 ø 3.80 ø 3.30 M 1.8	A-TMGR-380-3 Ø 4.60	AS-TMGR-425-3 ø 5.20 ø 4.25 M 1.8	AS-TMGR-500-3 Ø 6.00. 603 Ø 5.00. 3.00 M 1.8
Healing abutment Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 5 mm	A-TMGR-330-5 ø 3.80 ø 3.30 M 1.8	A-TMGR-380-5 Ø 4.60	AS-TMGR-425-5 ø 5.20 525 ø 4.25 M 1.8	AS-TMGR-500-5 ø 6.00
Healing abutment Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 7 mm	-	A-TMGR-380-7 ø 4.60	AS-TMGR-425-7 ø 5.20 ø 4.25 M 1.8	AS-TMGR-500-7 ø 6.00
Healing abutment Straight emergence Transgingival h. 2 mm	<b>A-TMG-330-2</b> ø 3.30	<b>A-TMG-380-2</b>	-	-
Healing abutment Straight emergence Transgingival h. 3 mm	<b>A-TMG-330-3</b> ø 3.30 <b>3</b> /3 3.00 M 1.8	<b>A-TMG-380-3</b> ø <u>3.80.</u> <b>8/3</b> 3.00 M 1.8	-	-
Healing abutment Straight emergence Transgingival h. 5 mm	<b>A-TMG-330-5</b> ø 3.30 M 1.8	<b>A-TMG-380-5</b> <b>38/5</b> 5.00 M 1.8	-	-

Recommended torque for healing abutments: 8-10 Ncm.

### Impression and model phase

The components for the impression and the creation of the model are produced with the same machines that make the implants. This ensures maximum precision and allows the faithful reproduction of the clinical situation. The open-tray and closed-tray transfers are made of Gr.5 titanium, anodised according to the colour code of the reference platform, facilitating the identification of any different diameters that may be used. The Pull-up transfers are made of radiopaque PEEK with a titanium ring at the base to check the proper seating of the transfer with an Rx.



**Pull-up transfer**: the connection with tabs clicks into the implant fixation hexagon, without requiring a screw

Analogs and transfers of Ø 4.25 mm and 5.00 mm present respectively a white and a black laser marking to distinguish them from other equivalent components

### Analogs

implant ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00	6.00
Analogs	-	A-ANA-380	SH-ANA-425	SH-ANA-500	SH-ANA-600
		ø 3.80	ø 4.25	ø 5.00	ø 6.00

### Pull-up transfers

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Pull-up transfer in radiopaque PEEK Gr. 5 titanium sleeve Straight emergence	A-TRAP-330	-	-	-
Pull-up transfer in radiopaque PEEK Gr. 5 titanium sleeve Anatomical emergence	A-TRARP-330 ø 3.80ø 3.30	A-TRARP-380	AS-TRARP-425 Ø 5.20 Ø 4.25	AS-TRARP-500

### Important warning

As the pull-up transfers are made of polymer material, to guarantee precision it is recommended to use new transfers for taking each impression.

### **Open-tray transfers**

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Pick-up transfer Straight emergence Connecting screw included	<b>A-TRA-330</b>	A-TRA-380	AS-TRA-425	<b>AS-TRA-500</b> 12.00
Pick-up transfer Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-TRAR-330 Ø 3.80 Ø 3.30	A-TRAR-380	AS-TRAR-425	AS-TRAR-500
Connecting screw for pick-up transfer Supplied with the transfers, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VTRA2-180-15	Use VTRA2-180-15	Use VTRA2-180-15	Use VTRA2-180-15
Connecting screw for pick-up transfer Not supplied with transfer, available separately as a spare in single pack	VTRA2-180-20 20.00 M 1.8	Use VTRA2-180-20	Use VTRA2-180-20	Use VTRA2-180-20
Connecting screw for pick-up transfer For manual screwing Not supplied with transfer, available separately as a spare in single pack	VTRA2-180-MAN	Use VTRA2-180-MAN	Use VTRA2-180-MAN	Use VTRA2-180-MAN

Recommended torque for transfer screws: 8-10 Ncm.

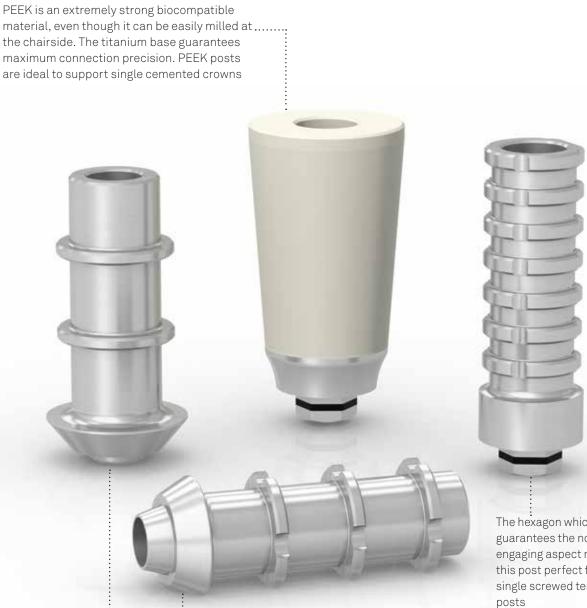
### Closed-tray transfer

prosthetic componentø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Closed-tray transfer Straight emergence Connecting screw included	<b>A-TRAS-330</b> ø 3.30	-	-	-
Closed-tray transfer Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-TRARS-330	A-TRARS-380	AS-TRARS-425	AS-TRARS-500
Single pack Connecting screw for closed-tray transfer Supplied with the transfers, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VTRA2-180-10	Use VTRA2-180-10	Use VTRA2-180-10	Use VTRA2-180-10

Recommended torque for transfer screws: 8-10 Ncm.

### SIMPLE temporary posts

Temporary posts can be used in a conventional way after the bone healing period, or immediately after surgical insertion of the implants, if conditions for immediate loading are present. They can also be used as an alternative to the traditional healing abutments for soft tissues reconditioning, depending on the prosthetic protocols adopted.



The centring cone of temporary posts without repositioning hexagon and the narrow transgingival profile considerable facilitate the creation of multiple temporary structures to be screwed directly onto the implants even in the presence of significant parallelism defects

The versions with the widest flaring of the transgingival profile, adaptable to any anatomy by drilling, simplify the immediate aesthetic conditioning of the mucosa

The hexagon which guarantees the non engaging aspect makes this post perfect for making single screwed temporary

#### Important warning

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
SIMPLE temporary posts in PEEK with a titanium base Engaging Straight emergence Connecting screw included	A-MPSC-330	-	-	-
SIMPLE temporary posts in PEEK with a titanium base Engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-MPSCR-330	A-MPSCR-380	AS-MPSCR-425	AS-MPSCR-500
SIMPLE temporary posts in titanium Engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-MPSA-330-EX 11.50 0 4.60. 0 3.30	A-MPSA-380-EX	-	-
SIMPLE temporary posts in titanium Engaging Straight emergence Connecting screw included	A-MPSCI-330-EX	A-MPSCI-380-EX	AS-MPSCI-425-EX	AS-MPSCI-500-EX
SIMPLE temporary posts in titanium Non engaging Straight emergence Connecting screw included	A-MPSA-330	A-MPSA-380	-	-
SIMPLE temporary posts in titanium Non engaging Straight emergence Connecting screw included	A-MPSCI-330	A-MPSCI-380	AS-MPSCI-425	AS-MPSCI-500
SIMPLE temporary aesthetic posts in titanium Non engaging Wide emergence Connecting screw included	A-MPS-330 11.30 \$\$5.00	A-MPS-380	-	-
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10 M 1.8	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180

### Pre-made posts

Made in Gr. 5 titanium, these posts are subjected to a controlled passivation process that changes their surface colour: the result is a characteristic golden pale yellow colour. This colour is obtained through an oxidation process and, therefore, there is no type of coating, so it ensures the use of a highly biocompatible surface. The direct screw retained posts have a well on the head into which is inserted the standard screwdriver of the system for screwing on the posts (family HSM see page 34 for the codes).



prosthetic componentø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Pre-made direct screw retained posts Non engaging	A-MDAD-330 ø 3.30	A-MDAD-380	-	-

Recommended tightening torque: 25-30 Ncm.

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Pre-made posts Engaging Straight emergence Transgingival h. 1.00mm Connecting screw included	<b>A-MD-330-1</b> 8.00 ø 3.30	A-MD-380-1 8.00 0 3.80	AS-MD-425-1	AS-MD-500-1 8.00 0 5.00
Pre-made posts Engaging Straight emergence Transgingival h. 2.00 mm Connecting screw included	A-MD-330-2 8.00 0 3.30	A-MD-380-2 8.00 0 3.80	AS-MD-425-2 8.00 0 4.25	AS-MD-500-2 8.00 0 5.00
Pre-made posts Engaging Straight emergence Transgingival h. 4.00 mm Connecting screw included	A-MD-330-4 8.00 ø 3.30	A-MD-380-4 8.00 ø 3.80	AS-MD-425-4 8.00 0 4.25	AS-MD-500-4 8.00 9 5.00
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10 M 1.8	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180

Recommended torque for connecting screws: 20-25 Ncm.

#### Important warning

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Pre-made posts Engaging	A-MDR-330-1	A-MDR-380-1	AS-MDR-425-1	AS-MDR-500-1
Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 1.00 mm Connecting screw	ø 2.80 <sup></sup>	ø 3.20 <sup></sup> 8.00	ø 3.60 <sup></sup>	ø 4.20 <sup></sup>
included	ø 3.80 ø 3.30 <sup></sup> - 1.00	ø 4.60 ø 3.80 <sup>1</sup>	ø 4.71 ø 4.25	ø 5.50 ø 5.00 <sup></sup>
Pre-made posts Engaging	A-MDR-330-2	A-MDR-380-2	AS-MDR-425-2	AS-MDR-500-2
Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 2.00 mm Connecting screw	ø 2.80 <sup></sup> 8.00	ø 3.20 <sup></sup> 8.00	ø 3.60 <sup></sup>	ø 4.20 <sup></sup> 8.00
included	ø 3.80 ø 3.30	ø 4.60 ø 3.80 <sup></sup>	ø 5.20 ø 4.25 <sup></sup>	ø 5.90 ø 5.00
Pre-made posts	A-MDR-330-4	A-MDR-380-4	AS-MDR-425-4	AS-MDR-500-4
Engaging Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 4.00 mm Connecting screw	ø 2.80 <sup></sup> 8.00	ø 3.20 <sup></sup>	ø 3.60 <sup></sup> 8.00	ø 4.20 <sup></sup>
included	ø 3.80 ø 3.30 <sup></sup> 4.00	ø 4.60 ø 3.80	ø 5.20. ø 4.25	ø 5.90 ø 5.00 <sup></sup>
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces	VM2-180 VM2-180-10	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180
Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	M 1.8			

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Pre-made posts angled at 15° Engaging Straight emergence Transgingival h. 1.75 mm Connecting screw included	A-MA15-330 8.00 7.95 8.330 1.75	-	-	-
Pre-made posts angled at 15° Engaging Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 1.80 mm Connecting screw included	A-MAR15-330 8.00 Ø 3.80 Ø 3.80 B.00 F.95 F.95 F.80	A-MAR15-380 8.00 Ø 4.60 Ø 3.80	AS-MAR15-425 8.00 Ø 5.20.11 Ø 4.25	AS-MAR15-500 8.00 Ø 6.00 Ø 5.00
Pre-made posts angled at 25° Engaging Anatomical emergence Transgingival h. 1.80 mm Connecting screw included	-	A-MAR25-380 8.00 Ø 4.60 Ø 3.80 <sup></sup>	AS-MAR25-425 8.00 Ø 5.20 Ø 4.25	-
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180

#### Important warning

### Standard preparable posts

They are made of Gr.5 titanium and are able to respond to complex anatomical requirements in terms of both narrow prosthetic spaces and parallel implants.



prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Straight preparable posts Engaging Straight emergence Connecting screw included	A-MF-330 Ø 5.00 <sup></sup> 9.50 Ø 3.30 1.50	A-MF-380 <sup> </sup>	AS-MF-425 Ø 6.70 9.50 Ø 4.25 1.50	AS-MF-500 Ø 7.50 9.50 0 5.00
Straight preparable posts Engaging Straight emergence Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-MFR-330 Ø 5.00 Ø 3.80 0 3.80 1.50	A-MFR-380 Ø 6.00 Ø 4.60 Ø 3.80 1.50	AS-MFR-425 Ø 6.70 Ø 5.20 Ø 4.25 0 4.25	AS-MFR-500 Ø 7.50 Ø 6.00 0 6.00 1.50
Pre-cut preparable posts Engaging Straight emergence Connecting screw included	<b>A-MFP-330</b> 5.10 0 3.30	-	-	-
Pre-cut preparable posts Engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-MFPR-330 5.70 ø 3.80 ø 3.80 1.50	A-MFPR-380 6.90 ø 4.60 ø 3.80	AS-MFPR-425	AS-MFPR-500 9.50 ø 6.00 ø 5.00 1.50
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the temporary posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10 M 1.8	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180

### Important warning

### Preparable posts: excellent solutions

Alongside the traditional prosthetic protocols, Sweden & Martina has developed innovative solutions in collaboration with distinguished professionals and universities. Among these, the SIMPLE Technique allows perfect conditioning of the mucosa starting with temporary posts (see pages 44-45) and uses a preparable post with large dimensions for making a primarily custom-built final prosthesis. Instead the Interceptive Technique uses posts characterised by two wide faces, which guarantee unequivocal repositioning on a model developed from an impression taken directly on the posts.

SIMPLE preparable posts have a very wide emergence profile which can be adapted to any anatomy obtained with SIMPLE temporary aesthetic posts in the

immediate conditioning phase

#### Preparable posts for the Interceptive

**Technique** have an emergence profile that simplifies the taking of the impression with closed tray technique, while the two wide faces guarantee unequivocal repositioning

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
SIMPLE preparable posts Engaging Very wide emergence Connecting screw included	A-MFS-330 Ø 4.40 <sup></sup> 9.50 Ø 3.30	A-MFS-380 Ø 5.15 Ø 3.80 0.80	AS-MFS-425 Ø 5.70 Ø 4.25 0.80	AS-MFS-500 Ø 6.70 9.50 0.80
Preparable posts for Interceptive Technique Engaging Connecting screw included	-	A-MFTI-380	-	-
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10 M 1.8	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180

### Important warning

### Solutions of excellence: B.O.P.T. prostheses

This line of prostheses has been developed to allow the mucosae to be conditioned using the B.O.P.T. technique. The vertical design of the posts is tapered to allow greater space to be made available for the tissues and to permit better adaptation to the emergence profiles of the prosthetic restoration.

The aesthetic healing abutments and B.O.P.T. screw retained posts for temporary prostheses are made in REEF resin, with a special nanostoichiometric conformation that gives a high capacity of resistance to bacterial attacks which lasts over time and makes the adherence of plaque more difficult, promoting healing



Also available is a cap for taking highprecision .impressions directly from the post, making it unnecessary to use transfers



REEF resin is extremely simple to use at the chairside, permitting easy construction of the morphology of the restoration





ø 5.00

The Gr. 5 titanium posts that form part of the .....B.O.P.T. prosthetic range have been specifically designed to rest securely on the COLLEX collar

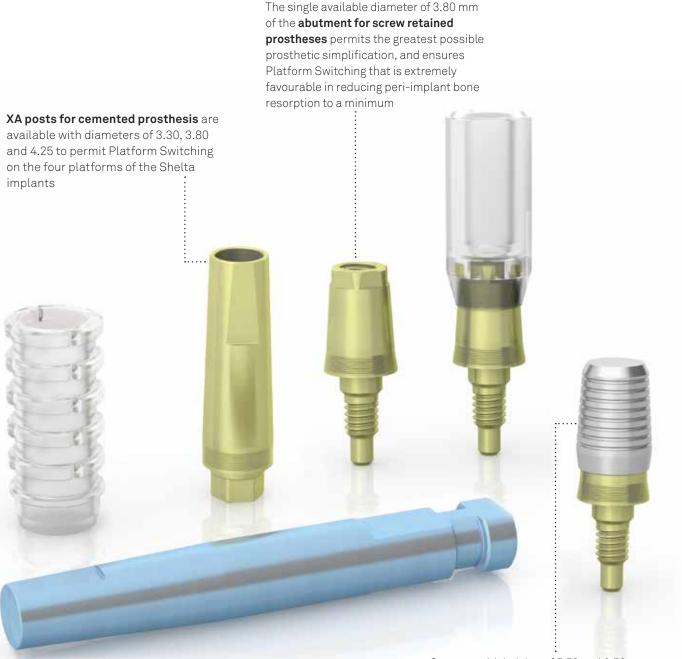
prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
B.O.P.T. healing abutments	A-TMG-MEFL-330 ø 5.40 ø 5.50	Use A-TMG-MEFL-330	Use A-TMG-MEFL-330	Use A-TMG-MEFL-330
B.O.P.T. aesthetic healing abutments Connecting screw included	Use A-PEFL-380	A-PEFL-380	AS-PEFL-425	AS-PEFL-500
B.O.P.T. engaging temporaries in resin Connecting screw included	A-PPF-330-EX Ø 3.10 10.00	Use A-PPF-330-EX	Use A-PPF-330-EX	Use A-PPF-330-EX
B.O.P.T. Non engaging temporaries in resin Connecting screw included	<b>A-PPF-330</b> Ø 3.10 10.00	Use A-PPF-330	Use A-PPF-330	Use A-PPF-330
B.O.P.T. preparable posts in titanium Connecting screw included	A-MEFL-330 Ø 4.50 Ø 5.50 Ø 5.50	Use A-MEFL-330	Use A-MEFL-330	Use A-MEFL-330
Pack of 5 pieces Caps for taking impressions	CAP-MEFL-5	Use CAP-MEFL-5	Use CAP-MEFL-5	Use CAP-MEFL-5
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw Supplied with the posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10 M 1.8	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180

Recommended torque for healing abutments and B.O.P.T. temporary posts: 8-10 Ncm.

#### Important warning

### Prostheses on XA posts

These posts, made of Gr. 5 titanium, have microgrooves on the base of the post that promotes the stabilization of circular fibres. They are available in two versions, one for cemented restorations and one for screw retained restorations. Both types of post allow the One-Abutment-One-Time technique to be used, leaving the XA post tightened into the patient's mouth and reproducing its form and position in the laboratory model with great precision, using a dedicated transfer and analog.



On posts with heights of 5.50 and 6.50 mm, an extremely safe conometric prosthesis can be fitted by using Conoweld caps

### XA posts for cemented restorations

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00
Pre-made XA post Engaging Transgingival h. 1.00mm Connecting screw included	SH-MD-F-330-1 9.00 0 3.30	SH-MD-F-380-1 9.00 0 3.80	SH-MD-F-425-1 9.00 0 4.25
Pre-made XA post Engaging Transgingival h. 2.00mm Connecting screw included	SH-MD-F-330-2 9.00 9.00 2.00	SH-MD-F-380-2 9.00 0 3.80	SH-MD-F-425-2 9.00 0 4.25
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw with conical support	L-VMS-180 L-VMS-180-10 M 1.8	Utilizzare L-VMS-180	Utilizzare L-VMS-180
Analog for pre-made XA posts for cemented restorations	<b>SH-ANA-MD-F-330</b> 9.00	<b>SH-ANA-MD-F-380</b> 9.00 ø 3.80	SH-ANA-MD-F-425 9.00 ø 4.25
Transfer for pre-made XA posts for cemented restorations	<b>SH-TRA-MD-F-330</b> ø 3.30	SH-TRA-MD-F-380 Ø 3.80	<b>SH-TRA-MD-F-425</b> ø 4.25

Recommended torque for connecting screws: 20-25 Ncm.

#### Important warning

### XA abutments for screw retained restorations

prosthetic component ø	3.80 mm
for implant ø	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00
Intermediate XA abutment h. 4.50 mm	<b>SH-ABU-F-TS-380-4</b> ø 3.80
Intermediate XA abutment h. 5.50 mm	SH-ABU-F-TS-380-5 ø 3.80, 5.50
Intermediate XA abutment h. 6.50 mm	SH-ABU-F-TS-380-6 ø 3.80,
Analogue for XA intermediate abutments	<b>SH-ANABU-F-380</b> #4.00 #3.50
Transfer intermediate XA abutments Transfer screw included	<b>SH-TRABU-F-380</b> ø 4.50
Single pack Transfer screw	SH-VTRABU-F-200 M 2.0
Healing cap in PEEK for intermediate XA abutments	SH-CG-ABU-F-380

Recommended torque for intermediate XA abutments: 25-30 Ncm.

### Accessories for screw retained restorations on XA posts

description	code
Castable sleeve for XA abutments Engaging Connecting screw included	<b>SH-CCABU-F-380</b> ø 4.50
Castable sleeve for XA abutments Non engaging Connecting screw included	<b>SH-CCABU-F-380-ROT</b> ø 4.50
Titanium sleeve for XA abutments Engaging Connecting screw included	<b>SH-CTABU-F-380</b> ø 3.90
Titanium sleeve for XA abutments Non engaging Connecting screw included	<b>SH-CTABU-F-380-ROT</b> ø 3.90
Connecting screw for XA superstructures	A-PLAIN-VP200 M 2.0
Conoweld cap for luting	CAP-TS-DEF

Recommended torque for definitive fastening of structures on abutments: 20-25 Ncm.

# Castable posts with base in gold alloy, titanium, and cobalt chrome

Castable posts with a metal base combine the simplicity of castable solutions with a base of gold alloy, cobalt chrome or titanium, highly biocompatible materials. The melting point of the above mentioned alloys is such as to preserve the base against dimensional alterations at the time of overcasting the castable part.



Gr.5 titanium and cobalt chrome

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Castable posts with a pre-made base in <b>gold alloy "1"</b> Engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-UCR-330-EX	A-UCR-380-EX 10.50 0 4.60 0 3.80	AS-UCR-425-EX	AS-UCR-500-EX
Castable posts with a pre-made base in <b>gold alloy "1"</b> Non engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-UCR-330	A-UCR-380	AS-UCR-425	AS-UCR-500
Castable posts with pre-made base in <b>titanium</b> Engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-UCTR-330-EX	A-UCTR-380-EX	-	-
Castable posts with pre-made base in <b>cobalt chrome</b> Engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-UCRCO-330-EX	A-UCRCO-380-EX	AS-UCRCO-425-EX	AS-UCRCO-500-EX
Castable posts with pre-made base in <b>cobalt chrome</b> Non engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-UCRCO-330	A-UCRCO-380	AS-UCRCO-425	AS-UCRCO-500
Spare castable sleeves for castable posts with alloy base Without connecting screw	A-CCUCR-330	A-CCUCR-380	AS-CCUCR-425	AS-CCUCR-500
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10 M 1.8	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180

#### Important warning

### Fully castable posts

The posts made entirely of PMMA, a resin that does not leave any residue in casting, are produced not by moulding but by turning, like all Sweden & Martina prosthetic components, allowing the respect of micrometric tolerances and enabling a precise connection to be obtained even after the casting process. The stop of the connecting screw head allows an extremely versatile adaptation to prosthetic needs.



prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Castable posts for casting Engaging Straight emergence Connecting screw included	A-CC-330-EX	A-CC-380-EX	-	-
Castable posts for casting Engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-CCR-330-EX	A-CCR-380-EX	AS-CCR-425-EX	AS-CCR-500-EX
Castable posts for casting Non engaging Straight emergence Connecting screw included	A-CC-330	A-CC-380	-	-
Castable posts for casting Non engaging Anatomical emergence Connecting screw included	A-CCR-330	A-CCR-380	AS-CCR-425	AS-CCR-500
Singole pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the castable posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10 M 1.8	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180	Use VM2-180

### Important warning

### 3.0 Dynamic Abutment posts

The 3.0 Dynamic Abutment\* post is a patented solution that allows prostheses to be freely angled up to 28°. The primary benefit of this innovative technology consists in the possibility of moving the hole for the connecting screw to a palatal or lingual position, avoiding unsightly vestibular hole and permitting a greater vestibular thickness of the ceramic structure. This is made possible by the synergy between the non engaging castable sleeve on the head of the abutment and screwdriver with its specially designed hexalobular tip, which allows the head of the screw to be engaged even in the presence of extreme angulations.



prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	
3.0 Dynamic Abutment with cobalt chrome base for overcasting Engaging Connecting screw not included	<b>РD3PKH330/СС</b> Ø 3.30	<b>РD3PKH380/СС</b> Ø 3.80	
3.0 Dynamic Abutment with cobalt chrome base for overcasting Non engaging Connecting screw not included	PD3PKR330/CC Ø 3.30	PD3PKR380/CC 0 3.80	
3.0 Dynamic Abutment, entirely castable Engaging Connecting screw not included	РD3PKH330/Р 0 3.30	PD3PKH380/P Ø 3.80	
3.0 Dynamic Abutment, entirely castable Non engaging Connecting screw not included	PD3PKR330/P	PD3PKR380/P Ø 3.80	
Fixation screw for 3.0 Dynamic Abutment Must be ordered separately	TPDH18L66 M 1.8	Use TPDH18L66	

Recommended torque for connecting screws: 20-25 Ncm. During laboratory phases and any chairside trials, the tightening torque must be 8–10 Ncm.

description	code
Screwdriver for 3.0 Dynamic Abutment length 24 mm Must be ordered separately	DSPDCLH-24
Screwdriver for 3.0 Dynamic Abutment length 32 mm Must be ordered separately	DSPDCLH-32

#### Important warning

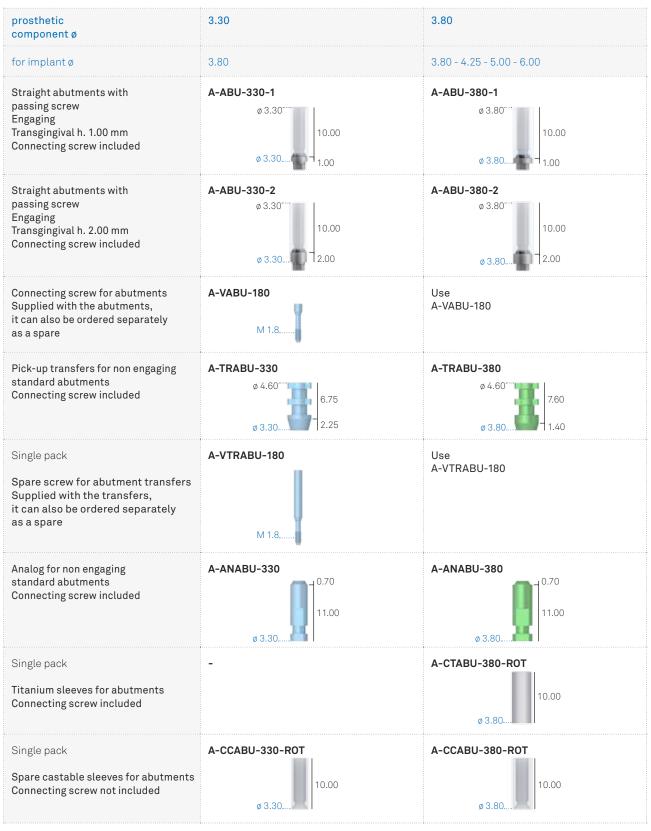
### Prostheses on intermediate abutments

These abutments have a straight emergence profile and are made up of an engaging titanium base, characterised by a small upper cone with a height of 0.70 mm, the same for all the connection diameters, which allows easy insertion and removal of the over-structures, even in case of slight disparallelism.

The abutment is supplied with the castable sleeves for modelling and casting the over-structure and with the passing screw for the "packet" fastening of the over-structure and abutments to the implants. Normally, when these abutments are used, the impression is taken directly on the implants using the transfers. Instead when the titanium base of the abutments is used to make a temporary posts, the impression is transferred to the laboratory with the use of the special transfers and the castable sleeve is sent to the laboratory with the relative connecting screw (option available only for  $\phi \le 4.25$  mm). A titanium sleeve is normally used to create the temporary prosthesis, which is supplied complete with the relative connecting screw.



The transfers and the dedicated analogs help to transfer the abutment position to the laboratory The intermediate abutments have a straight emergence profile



Recommended torque for connecting screws: 20-25 Ncm. Recommended torque for transfer screws: 8-10 Ncm.

#### Important warning

### P.A.D. (Disparallel Screwed Prosthesis)

P.A.D. system has been developed to facilitate the realization of multiple screw retained prostheses even in presence of divergent implants and disparallel prosthetic emergence axes. In particular, P.A.D. angled abutments are simple and predictable solutions for implants positioned with an extreme inclination in distal saddles. P.A.D. system is characterized by its great versatility, including a wide range of straight abutments (available in various transgingival heights, from 1.50 mm to 4.00 mm), angled abutments (available with inclinations of 30° and 17° and transgingival heights of 3.00 and 5.00 mm), and a complete line of components necessary for the production of over-structures (transfers, analogs, sleeves, etc).



The upper cone allows further repositioning of the prosthetic structure by 15° on each side, which in the case of angled P.A.D. abutments are added to the angle of 17° or 30°. This characteristic allows easy management of disparallelism of up to 45° on each side.



### Straight P.A.D.

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Straight P.A.D. abutments Direct screw retained Transgingival h. 1.50mm	A-PAD-AD330-15 Ø 5.00 Ø 3.30 M 1.8	A-PAD-AD380-15 Ø 5.00 Ø 3.80 M 1.8	AS-PAD-AD425-15 ø 5.00 ø 4.25 M 1.8	AS-PAD-AD500-15
Straight P.A.D. abutments Direct screw retained Transgingival h. 3.00mm	A-PAD-AD330-30 ø 5.00 ø 3.30 M 1.8	<b>A-PAD-AD380-30</b> ∅ 5.00 ∅ 3.80 <sup></sup> M 1.8	AS-PAD-AD425-30 ø 5.00 ø 4.25 M 1.8	AS-PAD-AD500-30 Ø 5.00 Ø 5.00 M 1.8
Straight P.A.D. abutments Direct screw retained Transgingival h. 4.00 mm	A-PAD-AD330-40 Ø 5.00 Ø 3.30 M 1.8	A-PAD-AD380-40 Ø 5.00 Ø 3.80 M 1.8	AS-PAD-AD425-40 Ø 5.00 Ø 4.25 M 1.8	AS-PAD-AD500-40 Ø 5.00 Ø 5.00" M 1.8

Recommended torque for straight P.A.D. abutments: 20-25 Ncm

**Note**: to transfer straight abutments into the oral cavity each package contains a practical plastic carrier (code AVV-ABUT-DG, not available separately).

description	code
Screwdriver for standard abutments and straight P.A.D. abutments, with hexagonal connector for ratchet	AVV2-ABUT # 4.10 # 5.10 

### Angled P.A.D.

prosthetic componentø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
P.A.D. abutment angled at 17° Transgingival h. 3.00 mm Connecting screw included	A-PAD-AA330-173 <sup> </sup>	A-PAD-AA380-173 @ 5.00 2.80 @ 3.80 11.20	AS-PAD-AA425-173 Ø 5.00 2.80 Ø 4.25 11.20	AS-PAD-AA500-173 <sup>ø 5.00</sup> <sup>2.80</sup> <sup>ø 5.00</sup> 11.20
P.A.D. abutment angled at 17° Transgingival h. 5.00mm Connecting screw included	A-PAD-AA330-175	A-PAD-AA380-175 Ø 5.00 5.00 Ø 3.80 3.45	AS-PAD-AA425-175 Ø 5.00 5.00 Ø 4.25 3.45	AS-PAD-AA500-175 © 5.00 0 5.00 0 5.00 3.45
P.A.D. abutment angled at 30° Transgingival h. 3.00 mm Connecting screw included	A-PAD-AA330-303 Ø 5.00 3.50 Ø 3.30 I1.00	A-PAD-AA380-303 Ø 5.00 3.50 Ø 3.80	AS-PAD-AA425-303 Ø 5.00 3.50 Ø 4.25 I1.00	AS-PAD-AA500-303
P.A.D. abutment angled at 30° Transgingival h. 5.00 mm Connecting screw included	A-PAD-AA330-305 ¢ 5.00 5.00 ¢ 3.30 2.05	A-PAD-AA380-305 ¢ 5.00 5.00 2.05 ¢ 3.80	AS-PAD-AA425-305 Ø 5.00 5.00 Ø 4.25 2.05	AS-PAD-AA500-305 Ø 5.00 Ø 5.00 Ø 5.00 2.05
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw for posts Supplied with the temporary posts, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	PAD-VM-180 PAD-VM-180-10	Use PAD-VM-180	Use PAD-VM-180	Use PAD-VM-180

Recommended torque for connecting screws: 20-25 Ncm.

description	code
P.A.D. transfer screw for manual screwing for transferring angled P.A.D. into the oral cavity, sterilisable and reusable	PAD-VTRAL-140-MAN
Carrier for transferring angled abutments into the oral cavity, sterilisable and reusable Not included in the surgical kit, included in the Screw Kit and can also be ordered separately	PAD-CAR

#### Important warning

### P.A.D. components

description	code
Protection caps for P.A.D. abutments in Gr.5 titanium Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	PAD-CG ø 5.80
Protection caps for P.A.D. abutments in PEEK Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	Ø 3.50
Rotating caps in POM for direct impression taking on P.A.D. abutments Non engaging	<b>PAD-CAP</b> Ø 5.00
Non-rotating caps in POM for direct impression taking on abutment P.A.D., with hexagon Engaging	<b>PAD-CAP-EX</b> ø 5.00
Pick-up transfer in Gr. 5 titanium for P.A.D. abutments, rotating Long transfer screw included (code PAD-VTRAL-140)	<b>PAD-TRA</b> Ø 5.00
Pick-up transfer in Gr. 5 titanium for P.A.D. abutments, with hexagon, non-rotating Long transfer screw included (code PAD-VTRAL-140)	<b>PAD-TRA-EX</b> \$\$5.00
Spare screw for P.A.D. abutment transfer Supplied with the transfers, it can be ordered separately as a spare	PAD-VTRAL-140 20.50
Spare screw for P.A.D. transfers supplied with transfers and also available separately as a spare	PAD-VTRA-140
Analog for P.A.D. abutment in Gr. 5 titanium	<b>PAD-ANA</b> ø 5.00
Castable sleeves in PMMA for P.A.D. abutments, rotating Connecting screw included	PAD-CC

Recommended torque for transfer screws: 8-10 Ncm

description	code
Castable sleeves in PMMA for P.A.D. abutments, with hexagon, non-rotating. Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	PAD-CC-EX
Castable posts in PMMA with a pre-made base in gold alloy type "1", rotating, not engaging, for overcasting on P.A.D. abutments Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	PAD-UC Ø 3.80
Castable posts in PMMA with a pre-made base in cobalt chrome, rotating, not engaging, for overcasting on P.A.D. abutments Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	PAD-UCRCO Ø 3.80
Spare screw for P.A.D. abutment prosthetic components Supplied with all the components for making the over-structure and also available as a spare. May also be bought in packs of 10 pieces (code PAD-VP-140-10)	PAD-VP-140 M 1.4

#### P.A.D. components

description	code
Sleeves in PEEK,for P.A.D. abutments, rotating for the relining of existing prosthesis Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	PAD-CP
Sleeves in PEEK,for P.A.D. abutments, with hexagon, non-rotating, for the relining of existing prosthesis Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	PAD-CP-EX
Sleeves in Gr. 5 titanium for P.A.D. abutments, rotating for the relining of existing prosthesis Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	PAD-CT
Sleeves in Gr. 5 titanium for P.A.D. abutments, with hexagon, non-rotating for the relining of existing prosthesis Connecting screw included (code PAD-VP-140)	PAD-CT-EX [12.00
Castable sleeves in PMMA for cementing techniques on sleeves in Gr. 5 titanium	PAD-CCEM Ø 5.00
Spare screw for P.A.D. abutment prosthetic components Supplied with all the components for making the over-structure and also available as a spare. May also be bought in pack of 10 pieces (code PAD-VP-140-10)	PAD-VP-140 M 1.4

Recommended tightening torque for fixing protection caps: 8-10 Ncm. Recommended tightening torque for securing the prosthetic screws: 20-25 Ncm.

#### Important warning

It is recommended always to use test screws for the laboratory phases and to keep the new screw supplied for the final fastening in the oral cavity.

## P.A.D. prostheses for "D.P.F." Technique (Direct Prosthetic Framework)

P.A.D. abutments have proven to be a valid support for creating various simplified prosthetic protocols, including the creation of temporary posts for full-arch implant rehabilitations with immediate loading with a very simple and safe procedure. The D.P.F. components have been specially developed for creating a castable resin structure directly in the oral cavity that is absolutely passive, not restricted by connection geometries and with the additional advantage of being made without errors due to the taking of the impression and the development of the model. The intra-oral cementing of the metal truss obtained subsequently by casting allows the times for inserting the reinforced temporary post to be reduced to 8 hours after the end of surgery, while still maintaining the important properties of resistance and passivity during the first phase of implant loading. The temporary post created in this way can also be used as a positioning stent for making the final prosthesis.



description	code
Complete pack of all the prosthetic components for the "D.P.F." technique on a single P.A.D. abutment. The pack includes the titanium sleeve (PAD-CT-LV), the castable centring device (PAD-CC-LV), the anti-escape plug (PAD-TR-LV), the protective O-ring (PAD-ORING-LV) and the connecting screw (PAD-VP-140)	
Spare titanium sleeve for the "D.P.F." technique The pack does not include the connecting screw	PAD-CT-LV
Spare castable centring device for the "D.P.F." technique	PAD-CC-LV ø 5.00
Spare anti-escape plug for the "D.P.F." technique	PAD-TR-LV ø 5.00
Spare O-ring for the "D.P.F." technique PAD-ORING	PAD-ORING-LV
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces	PAD-VP-140 PAD-VP-140-10
Spare screw for P.A.D. abutment prosthetic components	M1.4
Castable bar, L. 5.00 cm, ø 2.20 mm	BARC

Recommended tightening torque for securing the prosthetic screws: 20-25 Ncm.

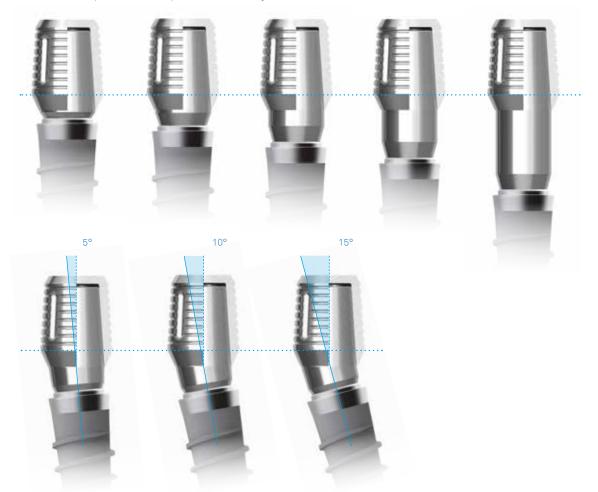
## Conoweld posts

These abutments are made of Gr. 5 titanium for the purpose of using the Conoweld conometric technique. This technique embraces the advantages of two protocols already widely established in oral implantoprosthesis: intraoral welding and conometric retention, both for temporary and final solution, employing cement-less prosthetic components and removable by the clinician. The Gr. 5 titanium posts that form part of the Conoweld prosthetic range have been specifically designed to rest securely on the COLLEX collar. The same Conoweld straight and angled posts with a 2.30 mm hexagon are used on all diameters of Shelta implants, that is 3.80, 4.25, 5.00 and 6.00 mm.



#### Conoweld conometric caps

The Conoweld range includes three different caps, which are universal in relation to the diameters of the posts and the implant platforms: this is due to the fact that conometric retention is in the most coronal portion of the post, which always has the same dimensions.



The two titanium caps differ in thickness: the cap designed for the construction of a welded structure intraorally for the temporary stage is thicker in order to withstand the welding with the titanium bars, without bonding with the underlying post, while the cap designed to anchor the final prosthesis glued on is thinner, in order to reduce the impact on the anatomical morphology of the prosthesis; it should not, therefore, be used for the welding.

A cap in PMMA is also available, which allows a precise impression to be taken even when working without a intraoral welding machine and which can be used for modelling and casting a structure entirely in cobalt chrome or other alloys, when the decision has been taken not to use gluing techniques for assembly.



prosthetic component hexagon	2.30
for implant ø	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00
Conoweld post in Gr. 5 titanium Straight Transgingival h. 0.50mm Connecting screw included	A-MD-TS-EX230-05
Conoweld post in Gr. 5 titanium Straight Transgingival h. 1.00mm Connecting screw included	A-MD-TS-EX230-1
Conoweld post in Gr. 5 titanium Straight Transgingival h. 2.00mm Connecting screw included	A-MD-TS-EX230-2 Ø 2.85 Ø 3.50
Conoweld post in Gr. 5 titanium Straight Transgingival h. 3.00mm Connecting screw included	A-MD-TS-EX230-3 Ø 2.85 Ø 3.50
Conoweld post in Gr. 5 titanium Straight Transgingival h. 5.00mm Connecting screw included	A-MD-TS-EX230-5
Conoweld post in Gr. 5 titanium angled at 5° Connecting screw included	A-MA05-TS-EX230
Conoweld post in grade 5 titanium angled at 10° Connecting screw included	A-MA10-TS-EX230 5.00 Ø 3.50
Conoweld post in Gr. 5 titanium, Angled at 15° Connecting screw included	A-MA15-TS-EX230 5.00 Ø 3.50 1.50
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces	VM2-180 VM2-180-10
Connecting screw for Conoweld posts Supplied with the posts and also available separately as a spare	M 1.8
Recommended tightening torque: 20–25 Ncm.	

#### Important warning

It is recommended always to use test screws for the laboratory phases and to keep the new screw supplied for the final fastening in the oral cavity.

description	code
Temporary cap for intraoral welding	CAP-TS-PRO
Final cap for luting	<b>CAP-TS-DEF</b> 5.70
Cap for impression taking	<b>CAP-TS-IMP</b> 5.70
Analog of the Conoweld post for intraoral welding	ANA-TS
Package of 5 pieces	DW-BARRA1.2
Bar in Gr. 2 titanium, L. 150 mm, ø 1.20 mm	
Package of 5 pieces	DW-BARRA1.5
Bar in Gr. 2 titanium, L. 150 mm, ø 1.50 mm	
Package of 5 pieces	DW-BARRA1.8
Bar in Gr. 2 titanium, L. 150 mm, ø 1.80 mm	

### Prostheses on PLAIN abutments

PLAIN abutments exploit the completely flat geometry of the upper part which, by means of a very small guide, is matched to normal castable sleeves. The usefulness of these abutments is therefore that they maximise centring and repositioning operations of structures tightened onto several implants.



#### Important warning

It is recommended always to use test screws for the laboratory phases and to keep the new screw supplied for the final fastening in the oral cavity.

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
Direct screw retained PLAIN abutment Transgingival h. 2.00 mm	<b>A-PLAIN-ABU330-2</b> ø 3.30	<b>A-PLAIN-ABU380-2</b> ø 3.80	<b>AS-PLAIN-ABU425-2</b> ø 4.25	AS-PLAIN-ABU500-2 ø 5.00
Direct screw retained PLAIN abutment Transgingival h. 3.00 mm	<b>A-PLAIN-ABU330-3</b> ø 3.30 ┃3.00	<b>A-PLAIN-ABU380-3</b> ø 3.80	AS-PLAIN-ABU425-3	AS-PLAIN-ABU500-3 ø 5.00
Direct screw retained PLAIN abutment Transgingival h. 4.00 mm	<b>A-PLAIN-ABU330-4</b> Ø 3.30	<b>A-PLAIN-ABU380-4</b> ø 3.80	<b>AS-PLAIN-ABU425-4</b> @ 4.25	AS-PLAIN-ABU500-4 ø 5.00
Healing cap for PLAIN abutment	A-PLAIN-CG330 Ø 4.90	A-PLAIN-CG380 Ø 5.35	A-PLAIN-CG425 ø 5.75	A-PLAIN-CG500 Ø 6.50
Castable sleeve for PLAIN abutments Connecting screw included	A-PLAIN-CC330	A-PLAIN-CC380	A-PLAIN-CC425	A-PLAIN-CC500
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces	A-PLAIN-VP200 A-PLAIN-VP200-10	Use A-PLAIN-VP200	Use A-PLAIN-VP200	Use A-PLAIN-VP200
Connecting screw for castable sleeve for PLAIN abutments	м 2.0			
Titanium post for PLAIN abutment Connecting screw included	A-PLAIN-CT330 7.95 ø 3.30	A-PLAIN-CT380 7.95 0 3.80	A-PLAIN-CT425 7.95 0 4.25	A-PLAIN-CT500 7.95 ø 5.00
Analog for PLAIN abutment	A-PLAIN-ANA-330	A-PLAIN-ANA-380	<b>A-PLAIN-ANA-425</b> 11.00	A-PLAIN-ANA-500
Transfer for PLAIN abutment Connecting screw included	A-PLAIN-TRA-330	A-PLAIN-TRA-380	<b>A-PLAIN-TRA-425</b> 11.00	A-PLAIN-TRA-500
Spare screw for PLAIN transfer Supplied with the transfers for PLAIN abutments, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	<b>A-PLAIN-VTRA200</b>	Use A-PLAIN-VTRA200	Use A-PLAIN-VTRA200	Use A-PLAIN-VTRA200
	M 2.0			

Recommended torque for connecting screws 20-25 Ncm, for abutment 25-30 Ncm, for transfer screws: 8-10 Ncm.

## Echo custom-made prosthesis

Maximum aesthetic results and design flexibility, in the case of custom-made prosthesis, can be reached with custom-made Echo posts and Echo Direct Bridges, designed using CAD-CAM technique and produced by Sweden & Martina Echo milling centre.

Custom-made titanium posts represent the evolution of millable posts, as they permit excellent adaptation of the prosthesis to the patient's gingival anatomy, difficult to achieve with conventional laboratory techniques.

Posts in zirconium oxide are also available, currently representing the most advanced custom-made solution, as they offer many advantages in terms of the translucence of restorations, extreme personalization of the manufacture, biocompatibility and the absence of corrosion in the oral cavity, maximum connection precision, excellent resistance to occlusal loads, lower invasiveness due to perfect adaptation to tissues and shorter chairside times. The aluminium Scan-transfer is available for scanning. Analogs for models manufactured by means of 3D printers are also available (see following pages).

For further information on the Echo system, contact Sweden & Martina CAD-CAM product specialists.

#### Custom-made posts:

- Biomedical Gr. 5 titanium
- Zirconia
- Milled cobalt chrome
- Laser-melted
   cobalt chrome
- PEEK
- Biomedical resin for
- temporary structures
- Fibreglass
- Lithium disilicate

# CAD CAM

#### Milled bars screwed onto implants:

- Milled biotitanium
- Milled cobalt chrome

#### DIRECT/TORONTO Bridge and screwed bridges with connector for T-Connect supports cementing:

- Biomedical Gr. 5 titanium
- Zirconia
- Milled cobalt chrome
- Sintered cobalt chrome
- PMMA
- PEEK
- Biomedical resin for temporary structures
- Fibreglass
- Lithium disilicate

### Bridge structure screwed to DIRECT/TORONTO Bridge:

- Biomedical Gr. 5 titanium
- Zirconia
- Milled cobalt chrome
- Biomedical resin for
  - temporary structures

prosthetic component ø	3.30	3.80
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00
Laboratory scanbodies in Ergal to transfer implant connection position Engaging Connecting screw included	A-CAMETRA330	A-CAMETRA380
Scanbodies in PEEK for intraoral use Connecting screw included	A-INT-CAMTRA330	A-INT-CAMTRA-380
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces	VM2-180 VM2-180-10	Use VM2-180
Spare screw for ECHO Scan-transfer Supplied with the scan transfers, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	M 1.8	
Single pack Spare screw for fastening individual posts in zirconium oxide and ECHO prosthetic overstructures in zirconium oxide directly onto implants (in Gr. 5 titanium complete with lock ring washer)	A-CAMTVABU180	Use A-CAMTVABU180
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Spare screw for fastening individual posts	VM2-180 VM2-180-10	Use VM2-180
in titanium and for ECHO prosthetic over-structures in titanium and cobalt chrome screwed directly onto implants (in Gr. 5 titanium)	M 1.8	

Recommended torque for connecting screws: 20-25 Ncm.

description	code
Laboratory scanbodies in Ergal to transfer P.A.D. connection position Engaging Connecting screw included	PAD-CAMETRA500
Single pack	PAD-VCAM-140
Spare screw for fastening prosthetic overstructures in zirconium oxide on P.A.D. abutments in Gr. 5 titanium, complete with lock ring washer	M 1.4
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces	PAD-VP-140 PAD-VP-140-10
Spare screw for fastening ECHO prosthetic overstructures in titanium and cobalt chrome on P.A.D. abutments in Gr. 5 titanium	M 1.4
Pack of 10 pieces	CAMPRON205-10
Spare lock ring washers for the head of the connecting screw, for individual ECHO posts in zirconium oxide, made of classic PEEK, and for zirconium oxide over-structures	0

Recommended torque for prosthetic screws: 20-25 Ncm.

description	code
Shelta analog ø 3.80 mm for 3D printed models from intraoral scanning	A-INT-CAMANA-380
Shelta analog ø 4.25 mm for 3D printed models from intraoral scanning	SH-INT-CAMANA-425
Shelta analog ø 5.00 mm for 3D printed models from intraoral scanning	SH-INT-CAMANA-500
Shelta analog ø 6.00 mm for 3D printed models from intraoral scanning	SH-INT-CAMANA-600

## T-Connect

T-Connect supports are made of Gr. 5 titanium and can be used to create custom-made posts for single or multiple prostheses in titanium, zirconia, cobalt chrome, PEEK and biomedical resin, using open CAD-CAM systems, including Echo by Sweden & Martina, without sacrificing the micrometric precision in coupling between platforms that can be obtained with conventional components. Echo users can also choose to use T-Connect supports: posts in zirconium produced in this way have a small titanium base that prevents the contact between the zirconium body and the implant platform.

If posts are made through Echo software, see page 84 for the scan transfer codes to be used. For further information on compatible systems contact Sweden & Martina CAD-CAM product specialists at 049-9124394.



Special sleeves to be fitted onto the conical body facilitate the modelling "of the wax-up in full respect of the volumes of the T-Connect supports

prosthetic componentø	3.30	3.80	4.25	5.00
for implant ø	3.80	3.80 - 4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	4.25 - 5.00 - 6.00	5.00 - 6.00
T-Connect supports for single prosthesis Cone h. 4.00 mm Connecting screw included	A-BASTZR-S-330-4 #4.00 0.40	A-BASTZR-S-380-4 4.00 0.80	AS-BASTZR-S-425-4 4.00 0.80	AS-BASTZR-S-500-4 4.00 0.80
T-Connect supports for single prosthesis Cone h. 6.00 mm Connecting screw included	A-BASTZR-S-330-6	<b>A-BASTZR-S-380-6</b> 0 4.55	AS-BASTZR-S-425-6 0.00 0.00 0.00	AS-BASTZR-S-500-6 6.00 0.80
T-Connect supports for multiple prosthesis Cone h. 4.00 mm Connecting screw included	A-BASTZR-M-330-4	A-BASTZR-M-380-4 4.00 0.80	AS-BASTZR-M-425-4 \$\$5.00\$\$4.00 \$\$0.80	AS-BASTZR-M-500-4 0.80
T-Connect supports for multiple prosthesis Cone h. 6.00 mm Connecting screw included	<b>A-BASTZR-M-330-6</b> 6.00 0.40	<b>A-BASTZR-M-380-6</b> 6.00 0 4.55	AS-BASTZR-M-425-6 6.00	AS-BASTZR-M-500-6 6.00 0.80
Sleeve for wax-up modelling on T-Connect supports with cone h. 4.00 mm	A-CCBAS-330-4 12.00 4.00	A-CCBAS-380-4 12.00 4.00	A-CCBAS-425-4 12.00 4.00	A-CCBAS-500-4 12.00 4.00
Sleeve for wax-up modelling on T-Connect supports with cone h. 6.00 mm	A-CCBAS-330-6 12.00 6.00	A-CCBAS-380-6 12.00 6.00	A-CCBAS-425-6 12.00 6.00	A-CCBAS-500-6 12.00 6.00
Single pack Pack of 10 pieces Connecting screw supplied with T-Connects Supplied with the T-Connect supports, it can also be ordered separately as a spare	VM2-180 VM2-180-10 M 1.8	Utilizzare VM2-180	Utilizzare VM2-180	Utilizzare VM2-180

Recommended torque for connecting screws: 20-25 Ncm.

#### Important warning

It is recommended always to use test screws for the laboratory phases and to keep the new screw supplied for the final fastening in the oral cavity.

### Locator abutment

Locator abutments\* are a patented and versatile prosthetic solution for attaching overdentures to dental implants easily and safely. The Locator system allows easily correcting misalignment of divergent implants by up to 40° (20° for each implant) in limited occlusal spaces and, given the limited amount of space occupied, is perfect for patients with a removable prosthesis. The abutments are made of Gr.5 titanium and are available in different transgingival heights. The Locators must be tightened at 25-30 Ncm, using the special Allen wrench provided in the Screw Kit and also available separately on request (code 8926-SW, short, and code 8927-SW, long). See following pages for the list of accessories available.



The Locator system has a practical steel

The self-guiding design of the head of the Locator abutment allows easy insertion of the prosthesis. The self-alignment of the prosthesis reduces deterioration of the pieces and increases the life of the device.

\*Locator abutments are medical devices manufactured and patented by Zest Anchors, Inc., 2061 Wineridge Place, Escondido, CA 92029, USA. Locator is a registered trademark of Zest Anchors, Inc. The European Agent for the purposes of MDD 93/42/EEC is Ventura Implant and Attachment Systems, 69 The Avenue, Ealing, London W13 8JR, England.



Recommended torque for Locator abutments: 20-25 Ncm.

## Accessories for overdenture on Locator

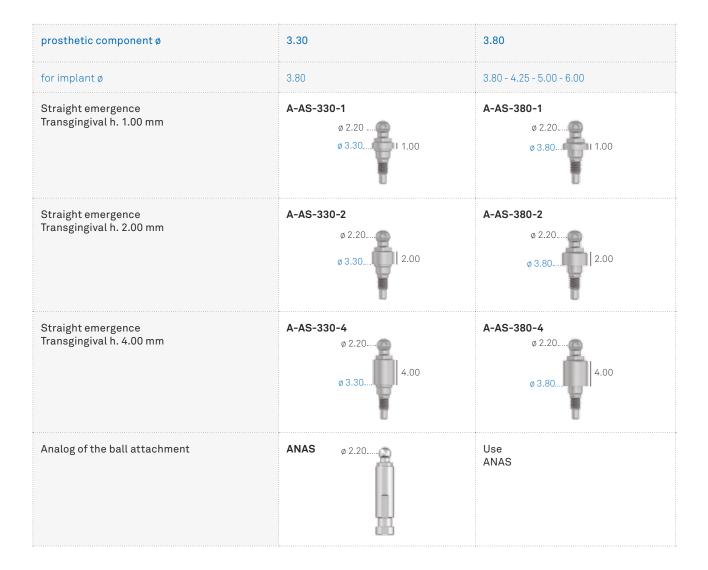
description	code
Kit containing 2 Gr.5 titanium caps, 2 spacer rings in silicon rubber, 2 black polyethylene retainers (LDPE 993I) with low retention capacity for impression taking and 2 nylon retainers for each of the 4 different retention capacities	8519-2
Kit containing 2 Gr.5 titanium caps, 2 spacer rings in silicon rubber, 2 black polyethylene retainers (LDPE 9931) with low retention capacity for impression taking and 2 nylon retainers for each of the 4 different retention capacities, designed for severe disparallelism	8540-2
Kit containing 2 steel caps, 2 spacer rings in silicon rubber, 2 black polyethylene retainers (LDPE 993I) with low retention capacity for impression taking and 2 nylon retainers for each of the 4 different retention capacities	8550-2
Pack of 20 spacer rings in silicon rubber, for the prosthesis relining phase	8514
Pack of 4 black polyethylene retainers (LDPE 993I) with low retention capacity for impression taking	8515
Pack of 4 transparent nylon retainers, retention 5 lb corresponding to 2268 g	8524
Pack of 4 pink nylon retainers, retention 3 lb corresponding to 1361 g	8527
Pack of 4 blue nylon retainers, retention 1.5 lb corresponding to 680 g	8529
Pack of 4 green nylon retainers, retention 4 lb corresponding to 1814 g	8547
Pack of 4 red nylon retainers, retention 1 lb corresponding to 450 g	8548
Pack of 4 orange nylon retainers, retention 2 lb corresponding to 907 g	8915

description	code
Pack of 4 aluminium analogs for Locator abutments, one size for all platforms	8530
Pack of 4 aluminium transfers for Locator abutments, one size for all platforms. 4 black polyethylene retainers (LDPE 993I) with low retention included (code 8515), available also as a spare	8505
Pack of 4 black polyethylene retainers (LDPE 993I) with low retention capacity for impression taking	8515
Pack of 4 black nylon parallelism pins (LDPE 993I) for Locator abutments	8517
Steel plate AISI 316L for measuring angles	9530
Locator Core Tool. Steel instrument composed of a handle, driver (8390) for screwing Locator abutments, tip (8397) for inserting the retainers in the caps and the retention jacket (8394) for the driver (8390) for transferring the Locator abutments into the oral cavity	8393
Steel push rod for inserting the retainers in the caps Not necessary for those who already own or order the complete Locator Core Tool separately	8397
Steel driver for abutment screwing/unscrewing Not necessary for those who already own or order the complete Locator Core Tool separately	8390
Retention jacket for the driver (8390) for transferring the Locator abutments into the oral cavity	8394
Short driver in Gr. 5 titanium for screwing the Locator abutments The driver is compatible with the dynamometric ratchet	8926-SW
Long driver in Gr. 5 titanium for screwing the Locator abutments The driver is compatible with the dynamometric ratchet	8927-SW

## Overdentures anchored with ball attachments

There is a small hexagon at the base of the ball for attaching the driver (the driver is not included in the surgical kit, it is in the Screw kit of prosthetic drivers and may be ordered separately, with code BASCC-EX). This driver is compatible with the system's dynamometric ratchet. See following pages for the list of the available matrices and respective accessories.





description	code	kit
Steel driver for ball attachments, with connector for dynamometric ratchet or digital connector	BASCC-EX	ZSCREW

Recommended torque for ball attachments: 25-30 Ncm.

## Accessories for overdentures on ball attachments

#### Polyamide caps for ball attachments

description	code
Polyamide cap for ball attachments ø 2.20 mm	CAP-TFL-1
Steel container for polyamide cap with outer ø 4.80 mm The total height is 3.20 mm	CONT-CAP-TFL-1

#### Titanium caps for ball attachments

description	code
Titanium cap complete with cap in two parts, titanium retention spring, and plastic mounting ring for ball attachments ø 2.20 mm. The total height is 3.20 mm	CAP-TIT-1
Spare plastic ring for titanium cap H 2.20 mm	AN-CAP-TIT-1
Spare retention spring for titanium caps, average hardness, steel, ø 3.20 mm	MOL1-CAP-TIT-1
Spare retention spring for titanium cap, soft, for progressive adaptation of the prosthesis, steel, ø 3.20 mm	MOL2-CAP-TIT-1
Driver for mounting and maintenance of the titanium cap CAP-TIT-1	AVV-CAP-TIT-1

#### Caps in gold alloy for ball attachments

descrizione	codice
Cap in gold alloy 2, complete with plastic positioning ring for ball attachments ø 2.20 mm. The total height is 3.10 mm, and the outside diameter is 3.50 mm	CAP-1

#### O-ring retention devices for ball attachments

description	code
Pack of 6 pieces	99-440044*
Metal container in the shape of a ring for rubber O-rings. For ball attachments ø 2.20 mm. The total height is 1.50 mm and the outside diameter is 4.50 mm	
Pack of 12 pieces	99-443034*
Red ring in silicon for laboratory use, outside ø 4.50 mm h 1.50 mm	0
Pack of 12 pieces	99-443035*
White ring in natural rubber, soft, outside ø 4.50 mm h 1.50 mm	<b>O</b>
Pack of 12 pieces	99-443036*
Black ring in natural rubber, hard, outside ø 4.50 mm h 1.50 mm	Ø

\*The retention O-rings for ball attachments are manufactured by Implant Direct Sybron International, 27030 Malibù Hills Road, Calabasas Hills, 91301 U.S.A.

The European Agent for the purposes of MDD 93/42/EEC is Kerr Italia S.r.l., via Passanti 332, 84018 Scafati (SA) Italy.

### Overdenture on bars

description	code
Castable bar, L. 5.00 cm, h. 3.00, thickness 2.20 mm Ovoid-shaped profile with spacer	BAR-CAV-TIT
Divisible bar attachment in titanium for oval bars h. 3.00 mm, thickness 2.20 mm	CAV-TIT
Castable bar, L. 5.00 cm, ø 2.20 mm	BARC
Bar attachment in gold alloy 3, for round bars ø 2.20 mm	CAV-375

## Composition of the materials

#### Gr. 2 titanium\* ASTM F67-13, ISO 5832-2:2012

chemical composition	maximum allowed values (%)	tolerance
nitrogen	0.03	+/- 0.02
carbon	0.08	+/- 0.02
hydrogen	0.015	+/- 0.002
iron	0.30	+/- 0.10 (%<0.25)
		+/- 0.15 (%>0.25)
oxygen	0.25	+/- 0.02 (%<0.20)
		+/- 0.03 (%>0.20)
titanium	remainder	-

mechanical properties	Minimum allowed values (%)
tensile stress (for bars with diameter up to 44.55 mm)	500 MPa (N/mm2)
yield strength (0.2%)	275 MPa (N/mm2)
elongation at yield	20%
section reduction	30%

\* This technical information complies with the express specifications of the regulations in force on the use of titanium Gr. 2 in in implantology.

#### Gr. 4 titanium (cold worked)\* ASTM F67-13, ISO 5832-2:2012

chemical composition	maximum allowed values (%)	tolerance
nitrogen	0.05	+/-0.02
carbon	0.10	+/- 0.02
hydrogen	0.015	+/- 0.002
iron	0.25	+/- 0.10 (%<0.25)
		+/- 0.15 (%>0.25)
oxygen	0.20	+/- 0.02 (%<0.20)
		+/- 0.03 (%>0.20)
titanium	remainder	-

This technical information complies with the express specifications of the regulations in force on the use of Gr. 4 titanium in implantology:

• ASTM F67-13: Standard Specification for unalloyed titanium, for surgical implant applications.

• ISO 5832-2: 2012: Implants for surgery – Metallic materials – Part 2: Unalloyed titanium.

**Please note**: the use of **cold-worked** *Gr.* 4 titanium bars for the production of Sweden & Martina implants allows the exploitation of mechanical characteristics higher than those required by applicable standards. Furthermore, the excellent results documented since 1996 corroborate the choice of the cold-working production process and of **ZirTi surface treatments**, which express and enhance the raw material potential selected by Sweden & Martina.

#### Gr. 5 titanium\*\* ASTM F136-13, ISO 5832-3:2012

chemical composition	maximum allowed values (%)	tolerance
nitrogen	0.05	+/- 0.02
carbon	0.08	+/- 0.02
hydrogen	0.012	+/- 0.002
iron	0.25	+/- 0.10
oxygen	0.13	+/- 0.02
alluminium	5.5÷6.5	+/- 0.40
vanadium	3.5÷4.5	+/- 0.15
titanium	remainder	-

\*\* This technical information complies with the express specifications of the regulations in force on the use of Gr. 5 titanium in implantology:

- ASTM F 136-13: Standard Specification for wrought Titanium-6 Aluminium-4 Vanadium Eli (Extra low interstitial) Alloy for surgical applications;
- ISO 5832-3:2012: Implants for surgery Metallic materials Part 3: Wrought Titanium-6 Aluminium-4 Vanadium Alloy.

#### PEEK

PEEK	
chemical designation	polyether ether ketone
colour	opaque white cream

physical and mechanical properties	
density	1.14 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
modulus of elasticity in tension (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	4100 MPa
yield strength (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	>90 MPa
yield strength at 0.2% (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	>70 MPa
elongation at 0.2 % (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	5 %
elongation at break (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	13 %
flexural strength (DIN EN ISO 178)	174 MPa
modulus of flexural elasticity (DIN EN ISO 178)	4000 MPa
modulus of compressibility (EN ISO 604)	3500 MPa

thermal properties	
glass transition temperature	150 °C
maximum temperature for short-term use	300 °C
maximum temperature for continuous use	260 °C

chemical properties		
absorption at 23°C in 24/96 hours (DIN EN ISO 62)	0.02/0.03%	

#### **PMMA**

РММА	
chemical designation	polymethylmethacrylate
colour	transparent

physical and mechanical properties	
density	1.19 g/cm³
yield strength (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	80 MPa
elongation at break (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	5.5 %
modulus of elasticity in tension (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	3300 MPa
hardness ball falling (ISO 2039-1)	175 MPa
impact strength (Charpy) (DIN EN ISO 179-1eU)	15 kJ/m²

thermal properties	
maximum temperature for continuous use	80 °C
maximum temperature for short-term use	85 °C
coefficient of linear thermal expansion (0-50 °C, long) (DIN 53752-A)	7x10⁻5 1/K
thermal conductivity (DIN 52612)	0.19 W/(K*m)
Heat Deflection Temperature (HDT-B) at 0.46 MPa (DIN ISO 75)	113 °C
Heat Deflection Temperature (HDT-A) at 1.80 MPa (DIN ISO 75)	105 °C

#### POM

РОМ	
chemical designation	polyoxymethylene (copolymer)
colour	opaque white

physical and mechanical properties	
density	1.41 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
yield strength (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	67 MPa
elongation at break (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	32%
modulus of elasticity in tension (DIN EN ISO 527-2)	2800 MPa
hardness ball falling (ISO 2039-1)	165 MPa
impact strength (Charpy) (DIN EN ISO 179-1eU)	Not broken

thermal properties	
melting point (DIN 53765)	166 °C
maximum temperature for continuous use	100 °C
maximum temperature for short-term use	140 °C
specific thermal capacity	1,4J/(g*K)
thermal expansion (CLTE) 23°C-60°C (DIN EN ISO 11359-1;2)	13x10⁻⁵ 1/K
thermal expansion (CLTE) 23°C-100°C (DIN EN ISO 11359-1;2)	14x10 <sup>-5</sup> 1/K

chemical properties		The second
absorption (DIN EN ISO 62) 24h/96h (23 °C)	0.05/0.1%	

#### Gold alloy

gold alloy	gold alloy 1	gold alloy 2
designation	gold alloy 1	gold alloy 2
colour	white	yellow

composition	% of reference	
Au	60 %	> 68.60 %
Pt	24 %	2.45 %
Pd	15 %	3.95 %
lr	1%	0.05 %
Ag	-	11.85 %
Cu	-	10.60 %
Zn	-	2.50 %
Au+Pt group metals	-	75.35 %
Ru	-	-

physical and mechanical properties		
density	18.1 g/cm³	15.0 g/cm³
melting range	1400 ÷ 1460 °C	880 ÷ 940 °C
modulus of elasticity in tension	115 GPa	97 GPa
Vickers hardness HV5 (gold alloy 2)	160 (annealed) 250 (tempered) 220 (after deformation) 240 (after casting)	> 240
limit of elasticity	400 MPa (annealed) 700 (after deformation) 800 (after casting)	> 710 MPa
elongation	20 % (annealed) 15 % (after deformation) 1 % (after firing)	>4%

• Gold alloy "1": all castable posts with a premade alloy base (e.g. VSR-UCR. etc).

• Gold alloy "2": CAP-1 cap for ball attachments in gold alloy.

#### Cobalt chrome alloy

chemical composition	maximum allowed values (%)
C	0.10
Mn	1.00
Cr	26.00 ÷ 30.00
Ni	1.00
Мо	5.00 ÷ 7.00
Ν	0.25
Fe	0.75
Co	remainder

physical and mechanical properties	
density	8.27 g/cm³
modulus of elasticity in tension	241 GPa
yield strength (0.2%)	585 MPa
tensile stress	1035 MPa
elongation at yield	25 %
section reduction	23 %
hardness	30 HTc

thermal properties	
melting range	1400 ÷ 1450 °C
coefficient of thermal expansion	
at 500 °C	14.15
at 600 °C	14.47
thermal conductivity	
at 600 °C	25.76W/mK

#### **Reef resin**

reef resin	
description	acrylic material resistant to bacterial colonization
colour	translucent white

physical and mechanical properties	
hardness (ASTMD92/ISO 6507)	17.5 +/- 0.5 Vickers
tensile strength	28.3 +/- 3.8 MPa
compressive strength (ASTM D3410)	404.2 +/- 22 MPa
bending strength (ASTM D790M)	67.5 +/- 15.3 MPa

## Advice for overcasting with base alloys

#### By Loris Zamuner, dental clinician

Casting with base alloys, which is less predictable than casting with precious alloys, increases the difficulty of maintaining precision at the level of the prosthetic connection, because apart from the factors involving intimate contact between the alloys and mechanical resistance, problems of corrosion may also emerge, as dental technicians are well aware.

As these alloys are oxidized when heated, additional precautions must be adopted when preparing models and during coating and casting procedures, to avoid not only mechanical but also biological complications (e.g. gingival tattoos, namely the blackish marks caused by the redox reaction of prosthesis metals, which are extremely difficult to treat and remove).

With regard to this we would like to offer some advice, which although it may not completely eliminate these problems, may be useful in the laboratory for the correct use of castable posts with a cobalt chrome base:

• Remove the castable sleeve from the base and seal the interstitial space with wax or castable resin, to prevent the possible formation of cracks.

• Apply a layer of deoxidizing solution (e.g. flux) to the metal surface before repositioning and fixing the castable sleeve. This may reduce the quantity of oxides produced during heating of the alloy.

• Modelling must very clearly delimit the area of the junction between the castable sleeve and the prefabricated base with a well-defined closure edge, so as to prevent the overcast alloy from penetrating the base of the post.

• The formation of pins for the creation of cylinders must be carried out in an area with an adequate surrounding volume, to prevent the injected alloy from cooling before it has completely filled the final form. Do not position casting pins in thin areas, to avoid deformations caused by the heat of the molten alloy.

• The expansion of the refractory casting coating must be limited to a minimum, to prevent the formation of spaces between the metal base and the coating caused by the different expansion of the two layers. If the coating and the metal base are not in intimate contact, a thin film of metal could form on the prefabricated base, which if it reaches the connection platform between the implant and the prosthesis could affect precision, giving rise to evident biomechanical and biological problems.

• All parts of the cylinder must be heated uniformly. Since internally it incorporates the prefabricated metal components, which by their very nature absorb heat, it is advisable to maintain the final heating temperature for an extended time, then raising it by about 20–30 °C higher than the temperature recommended by the manufacturer of the alloy.

• When choosing the alloy for overcasting, its fusion temperature must be attentively considered with respect to the fusion temperature of the component to be overcasted, which must be around 80–100 °C higher, to avoid deformations but at the same time to ensure correct bonding between the two alloys.

• After casting, leave the cylinder to cool slowly, to prevent the formation of stresses between the two alloys.

• Avoid contact between the ceramic and the base alloy while firing the ceramic, because the different thermal expansion coefficients may cause cracking in the coating layer.

• Where possible (in non-aesthetic areas) keep the area of interface between the prefabricated base and the overcast structure out of the gingival sulcus.

• With composite screw retained prostheses, incorporate the interface line between the prefabricated base and the overcast structure inside the aesthetic coating.

• Use the same type of alloy for the entire prosthetic reconstruction, to avoid partial weakenings, breakages and the incorrect distribution of forces on the implants.

Remember that this technique may be subject to the problems of mechanical resistance, corrosion and galvanic reactions typical of precious alloys, which are therefore present to a greater extent in base alloys.

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